

GetSolar Overview

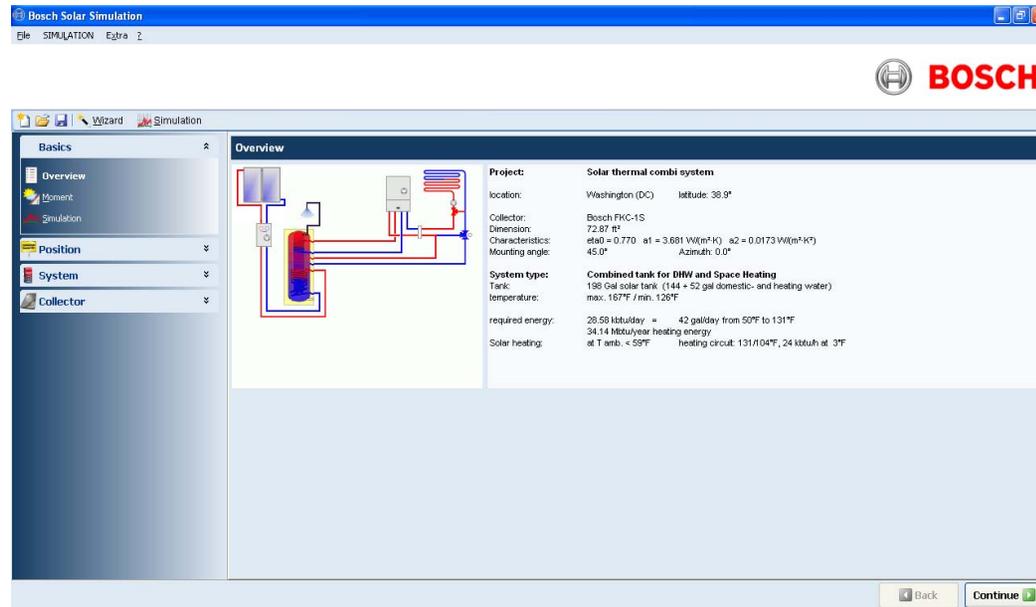


GetSolar - Bosch Solar Thermal Sizing Tool



GetSolar Overview

Purpose of GetSolar



- ➔ GetSolar is a computer software tool for simulating residential and commercial Solar Thermal Systems quickly and effectively
- ➔ The software aids in the sizing of both collector arrays and water storage volume for DHW, Space Heating, Pool Heating, and Combi Systems



Sizing Options

→ 2 Options:

- Wizard
 - Streamlined process for quickly sizing an application with minimal details and at default system settings
- System Parameters (detailed system setup)
 - More comprehensive methodology with ability to add and change the various parameters of the system giving a more accurate system design



Methodology for Using GetSolar

→ Best method:

- Step 1: Use the wizard to get an initial estimate for the number of collectors, total storage, and solar fraction
- Step 2: Go through the system parameters menus and make changes where applicable
- Step 3: Simulate the system and analyze the results
- Step 4: If necessary, go back and optimize the system by altering the various parameters including number of collectors, tank volume, and system type

→ Rules of thumb:

- 1.5 gallons of storage per 1 sqft of collector surface area for DHW
- 2 gallons of storage per 1 sqft of collector surface area for DHW + Space Heating
- Set the collector angle near the latitude angle of the project location for DHW only and add 15 degrees to the latitude for Space Heating



GetSolar Overview

Overview (Home) Screen

Bosch Solar Simulation

File SIMULATION Extra ?

BOSCH

Basics
Overview
Moment
Simulation
Position
System
Collector

Overview

Project: **Solar thermal combi system**

location: Washington (DC) latitude: 38.9°

Collector: Bosch FKC-1S
Dimension: 72.87 ft²
Characteristics: eta0 = 0.770 a1 = 3.681 W/(m²·K) a2 = 0.0173 W/(m²·K²)
Mounting angle: 45.0° Azimuth: 0.0°

System type: **Combined tank for DHW and Space Heating**

Tank: 198 Gal solar tank (144 + 52 gal domestic- and heating water)
temperature: max. 167°F / min. 126°F

required energy: 26.58 kbtu/day = 42 gal/day from 50°F to 131°F
34.14 Mbtu/year heating energy

Solar heating: at T amb. < 59°F heating circuit: 131/104°F, 24 kbtu/h at 3°F

System Parameters

System Layout

Project Details

Back Continue

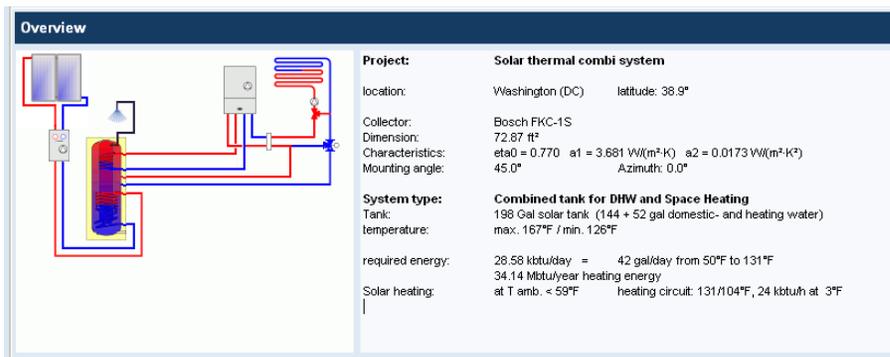


GetSolar Overview

Project Details

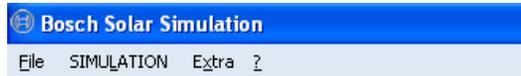
→ The project details at the overview screen include:

- Dimension: Total square footage of collectors
- Collector Characteristics:
 - eta0: conversion factor
 - a1: heat transmission coefficient
 - a2: heat transmission coefficient

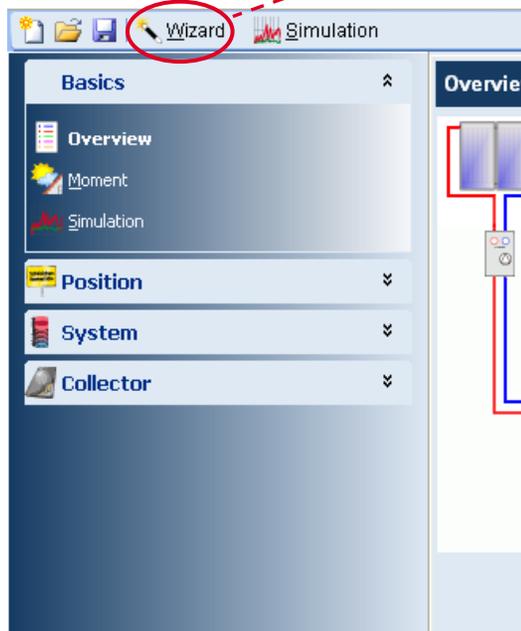


GetSolar Overview

Wizard



→ The Wizard may be accessed from any window by clicking the “Wizard” button on the top left



GetSolar Overview

Wizard

→ Clicking the Wizard button will bring up this screen. The following options are present here:

- Project Name:
 - Enter the project name here
 - The project name can also be entered and edited by going to “File” -> “Project Info”
- Location:
 - Select the location either by scrolling through the list or typing in the name

Project wizard

Project name

Solar thermal combi system

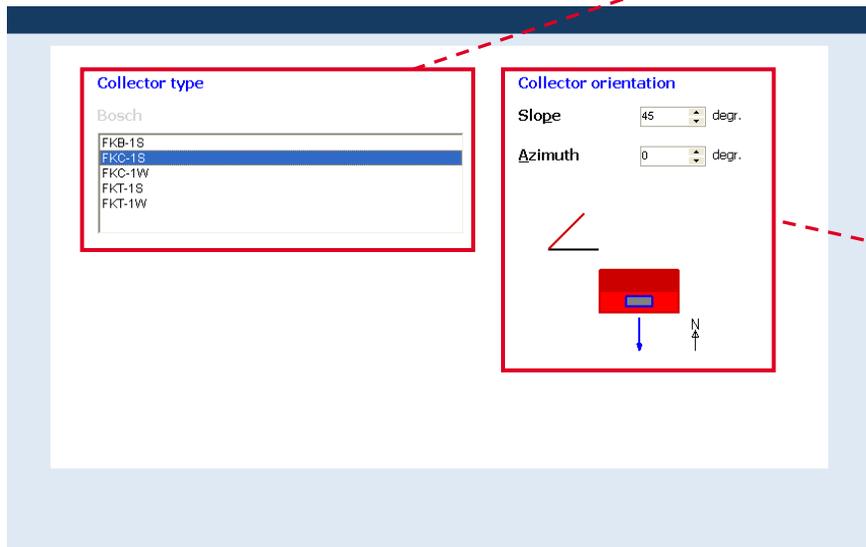
Location

postcode	location	Count
33601	Tampa (FL)	USA
08601	Trenton (NJ)	USA
85701	Tucson (AZ)	USA
74101	Tulsa (OK)	USA
20001	Washington (DC)	USA
L4M-L4N	Barrie	CDN
T1X-T3Z	Calgary	CDN
TSA-TEX	Edmonton	CDN
B3H-B3V	Halifax	CDN

Cancel



Wizard: Collector Details



Collector Type:

- Select the type of collector for the system
- Both portrait and landscape for FKT-1 and FKC-1 collectors are provided

Collector Orientation:

- Enter the slope and azimuth values at which the collectors will be simulated
- Note: the red collector image and the triangle changes as the azimuth and slope values are altered

GetSolar Overview

Wizard: DHW Only

Domestic water gal/day

Hot water temp. °F

kbtu/day kbtu/year

Solar Combisystem

Package option ▾

→ Enter parameters regarding the system itself

→ Domestic Water:

- Total DHW load in gallons/day

→ Hot Water Temp:

- Desired hot water supply temp, typically 120 degrees F for DHW only

→ The two boxes below these show the total kBTu required per day and per year



GetSolar Overview

Wizard: DHW / Space Heating

Domestic water gal/day

Hot water temp. °F

kbtu/day kbtu/year

Solar Combisystem

Heating energy demand kbtu/year

Sum kbtu/year

T. limit for heating °F

Package option

Solar Combisystem:

- Clicking this button brings up the parameters for Space Heating

Heating Energy Demand (building heat loss):

- Enter the space heating energy demand in **kBtu/year**

Sum:

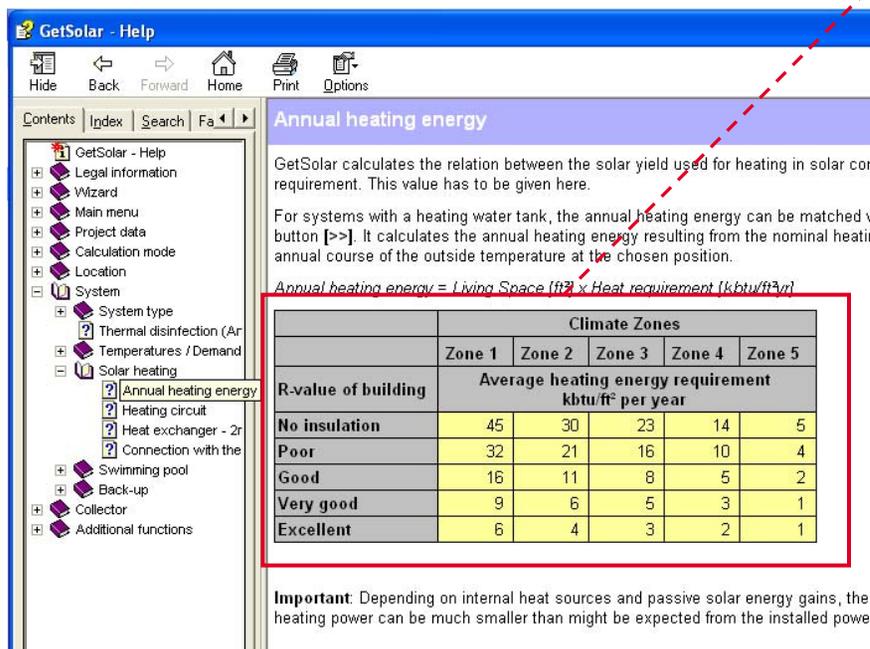
- Sum of the DHW and space heating load

T. Limit for Heating:

- Warm weather shut-down



Wizard: Heating Energy Demand



→ A table with heating requirements is provided in the help section and may be used as a reference for estimating the space heating requirement if unknown.

→ Location:

- Help -> System -> Solar Heating -> Annual heating energy

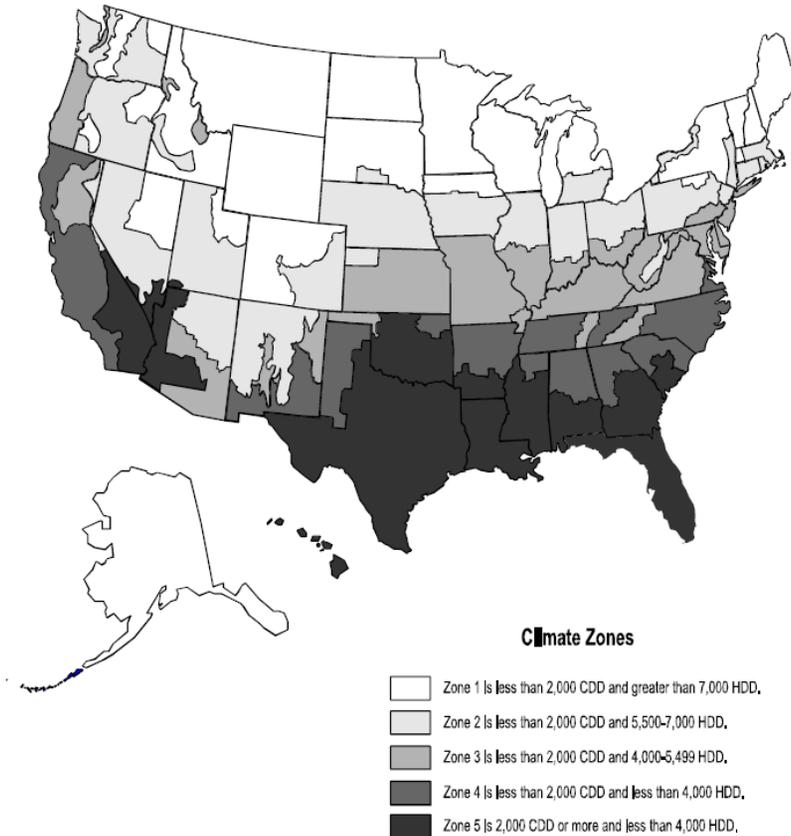
→ Climate Zone Map:

- <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/recs/ecs97/zonemap.pdf>



Climate Zone Map

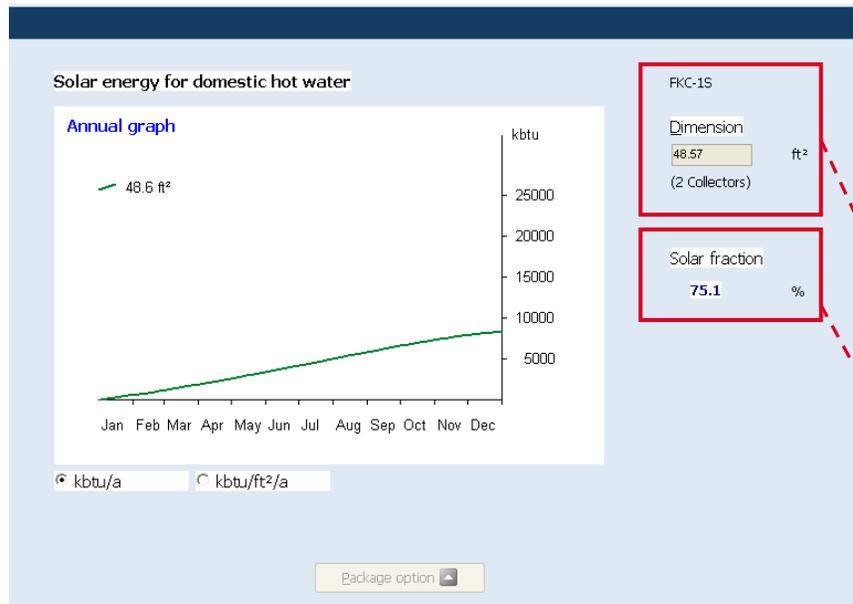
U.S. Climate Zone Map



BOSCH

GetSolar Overview

Wizard: DHW Results



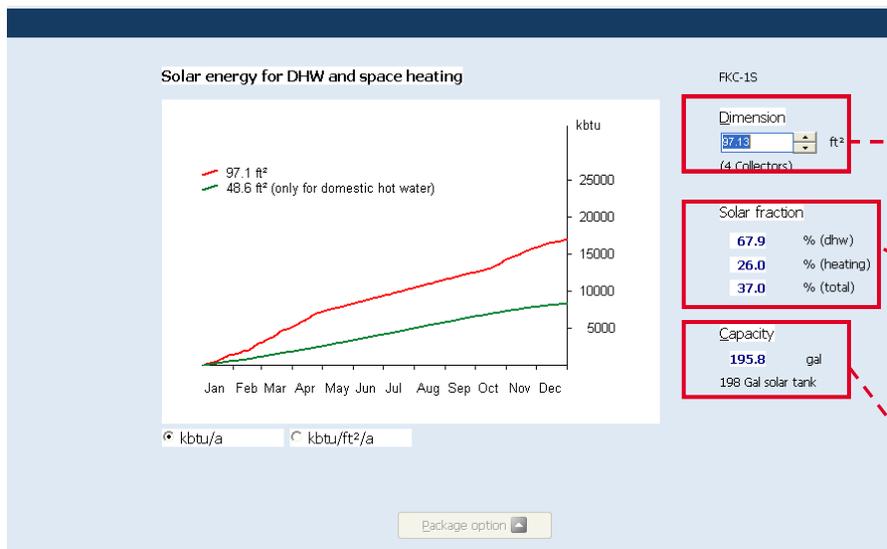
- This window displays a graph with the annual solar energy gained in 1 full year
- On the right of the graph is the total gross square footage of the collectors
- Also displayed is the solar fraction provided by this system
- If this is a DHW only system, then the total water storage will be shown in this window along with the option to select a Bosch package



GetSolar Overview

Wizard: DHW and Space Heating Results

→ This window is similar to the DHW only one with the following differences:



- The total number of collectors increase to accommodate for space heating
- The solar fraction is displayed split into DHW and Space Heating along with the total solar fraction
- The total water storage requirement is displayed



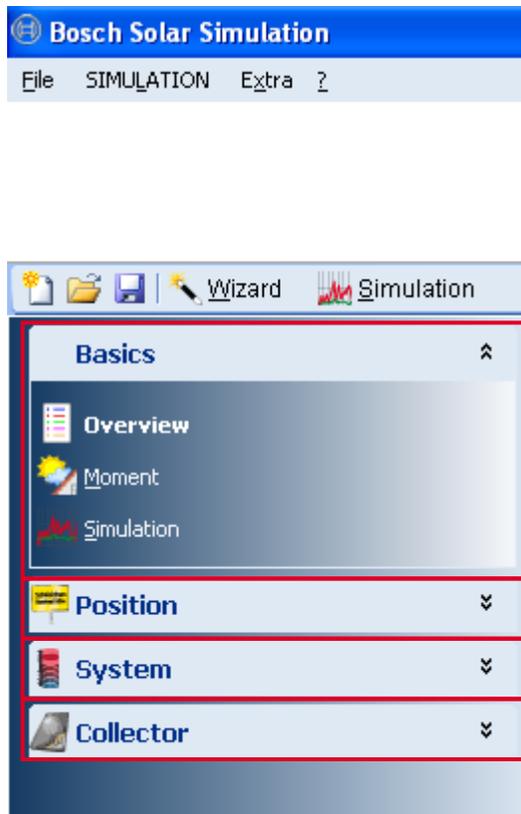
Wizard: Results

- At the end of both of the results window, one can edit the number of collectors used by either clicking on the up and down arrow buttons.
- Once the desired result is met, click the OK button to exit the wizard and save the system
- The system will now be saved in GetSolar and is ready either be edited further or simulated.
- After clicking the OK button, GetSolar will proceed to the Home Screen displaying the new values and sizing



GetSolar Overview

System Parameters



→ System Parameters:

- Basics: include overview, moment, and simulation
- Position (location): position, shadow (shading), WetSyn data (meteorological data)
- System: System type, temperatures/consumption/tanks, space heating, pool, and back-up
- Collector: collector type, parameters, solar circuit



System Parameters: Basics



→ Overview: General overview of the project

→ Moment: System data and performance at a specific instant of time

→ Simulation: Detailed analysis of the system including full project report for distribution to customer

GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (Basics): Moment

- The moment section represents system parameters and performance at a certain instant of time
- Here the reference time is selected
- Turbidity factor is used to determine how much of the sun's rays are passing through the atmosphere and reaching the collectors
- Clicking the T. amb as probable option uses the average ambient air temperature values of the location.

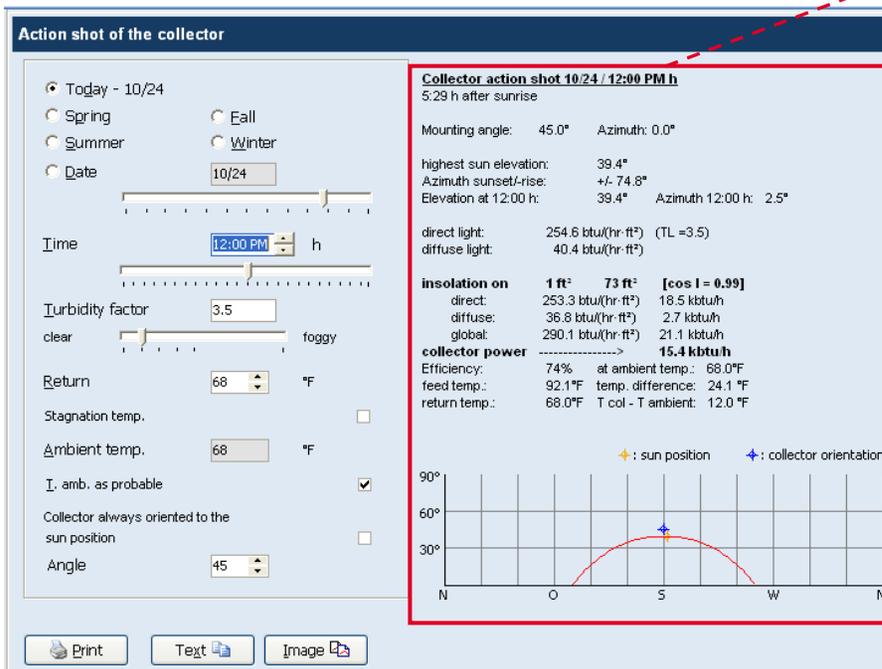
The screenshot displays the 'Action shot of the collector' interface. On the left, there are control panels for date selection (Today - 10/24), season selection (Spring, Summer, Fall, Winter), time selection (12:00 PM), and turbidity factor (3.5). Below these are temperature settings: Return (68°F), Stagnation temp., Ambient temp. (68°F), and 'T. amb. as probable' (checked). At the bottom left are 'Print', 'Text', and 'Image' buttons. The main panel on the right shows 'Collector action shot 10/24 / 12:00 PM h' at 5:29 h after sunrise. It lists mounting angle (45.0°), azimuth (0.0°), and sun elevation data. A table shows insolation on 1 ft² and 73 ft² for direct, diffuse, and global light. Below this is a 'collector power' section with efficiency (74%), feed temp. (92.1°F), and return temp. (68.0°F). At the bottom right is a sun position graph showing collector orientation relative to the sun's path.

insolation on	1 ft ²	73 ft ²	[cos I = 0.99]
direct:	253.3 btu/(hr·ft ²)	18.5 kbtu/h	
diffuse:	36.8 btu/(hr·ft ²)	2.7 kbtu/h	
global:	290.1 btu/(hr·ft ²)	21.1 kbtu/h	

collector power	15.4 kbtu/h
Efficiency:	74% at ambient temp.: 68.0°F
feed temp.:	92.1°F temp. difference: 24.1 °F
return temp.:	68.0°F T col - T ambient: 12.0 °F



System Parameters (Basics): Moment



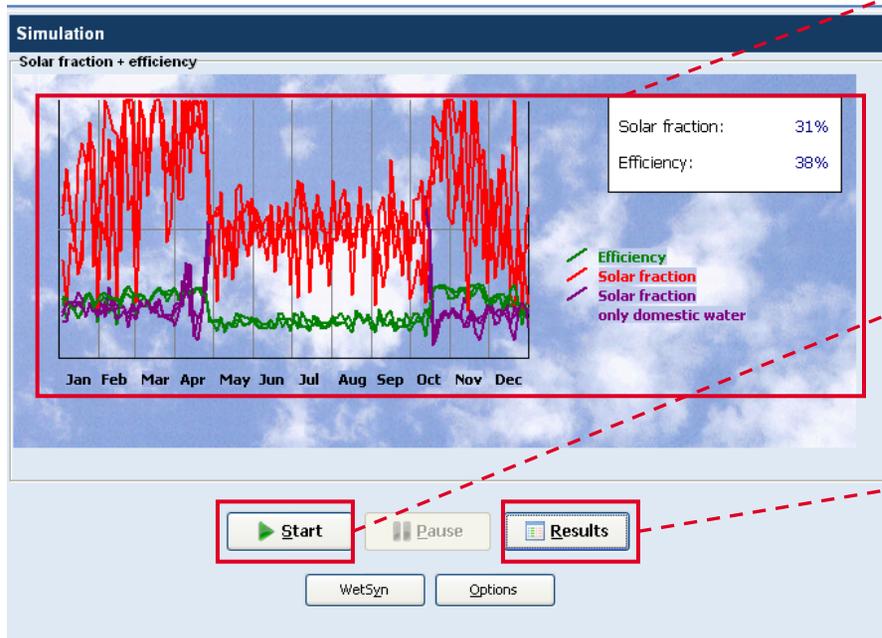
→ On the right side are details of the systems performance including the following information:

- Elevation and azimuth of the sun
- Cosinus of the angle between the sun and the vertical of the collector (Cos I)
- Direct light = irradiation on a plane vertical to the direct light
- Diffuse light = diffuse light on the horizontal plane
- Irradiation on 1m² of active collector surface-Irradiation on the whole active surface of the collector
- Collector feed temperature
- Collector stagnation temperature



GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (Basics): Simulation



- Graph and table displaying system efficiency, solar fraction, and solar fraction for DHW only throughout a given time period of either 1 or 3 years
- Clicking either the start or continue button begins the solar calculation
- The results button displays the details of the simulation including savings in energy throughout the year

System Parameters (Basics): Simulation Results

Simulation results

energy balance | eco-balance | Graphs | Curves

Project: Solar thermal combi system
 Location: Washington (DC) latitude: 38.9°
 Collector: 72.87 ft² Bosch FKC-1S
 Characteristics: $\eta_{a0} = 0.770$ $a_1 = 3.681 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K)}$ $a_2 = 0.0173 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K}^2)$
 Mounting angle: 45.0° Azimuth: 0.0°
 System type: Combined tank for DHW and Space Heating
 Tank: 198 Gal solar tank (144 + 52 gal domestic- and heating water)
 temperature: max. 167°F / min. 126°F
 required energy: 28.58 kbtu/day = 42 gal/day from 50°F to 131°F
 34.14 Mbtu/year heating energy
 Solar heating: at T amb. < 59°F heating circuit: 131/104°F, 24 kbtu/h at 3°F

Month	solar yield [kbtu]	Solar heating [kbtu]	solar irradiation energy [kbtu]	back up energy [kbtu]	Solar fraction dhw [%]	heating [%]	efficiency [%]
January:	1084	715	2507	174	38	9	43
February:	1357	1017	2860	167	38	16	47
March:	1703	1340	3439	176	37	26	50
April:	1598	1041	3485	128	59	46	46
May:	1056	0	3769	9	101	0	28
June:	1002	0	3688	1	98	0	27
July:	1043	0	3749	6	99	0	28
August:	1047	0	3679	3	99	0	28
September:	954	0	3499	12	93	0	27
October:	1438	834	3293	104	61	54	44
November:	1209	911	2360	184	32	21	51
December:	916	596	2040	179	34	9	45
Total:	14406	6454	38367	1144	67	19	38

factor of savings for sdhw and space heating: 31.3%

specific annual collector yield: 198 kbtu/ft²

Print | Solar yield | Eco balance | Text 1 | Text 2 | Image 1 | Image 2 | Done

→ The image on the right is the results window that pops up after the calculation has completed. This window is broken down into four tabs:

- Energy balance:
 - Details on the system performance, solar contribution and back-up usage both monthly and annually



GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (Basics): Simulation Results

Simulation results

energy balance | **eco-balance** | Graphs | Curves

Project: Solar thermal combi system
location: Washington (DC) latitude: 38.9°
Dimension: 72.87 ft² Bosch FKC-18
Mounting angle: 45.0° Azimuth: 0.0°
System type: Combined tank for DHW and Space Heating (4)
required energy: 28.58 kbtu/day = 42 gal/day from 50°F to 131°F
34.14 Mbtu/year heating energy
Solar heating: at T amb. < 59°F heating circuit: 131/104°F, 24 kbtu/h at 3°F
conv. energy: Gas-fired condensing boiler
fuel utilization eff.: 96% / 77% / 63% in winter / spring, autumn / summer

Month	solar yield [kbtu]	energy saving [kbtu]	CO2-savings [therm]	[lbs]
January:	1084	1129	11	139
February:	1357	1523	15	187
March:	1703	2212	22	271
April:	1598	2154	22	264
May:	1056	1675	17	206
June:	1002	1591	16	195
July:	1043	1656	17	203
August:	1047	1662	17	204
September:	954	1515	15	186
October:	1438	1993	20	245
November:	1209	1570	16	193
December:	916	1052	11	129
Total:	14406	19731	197	2421

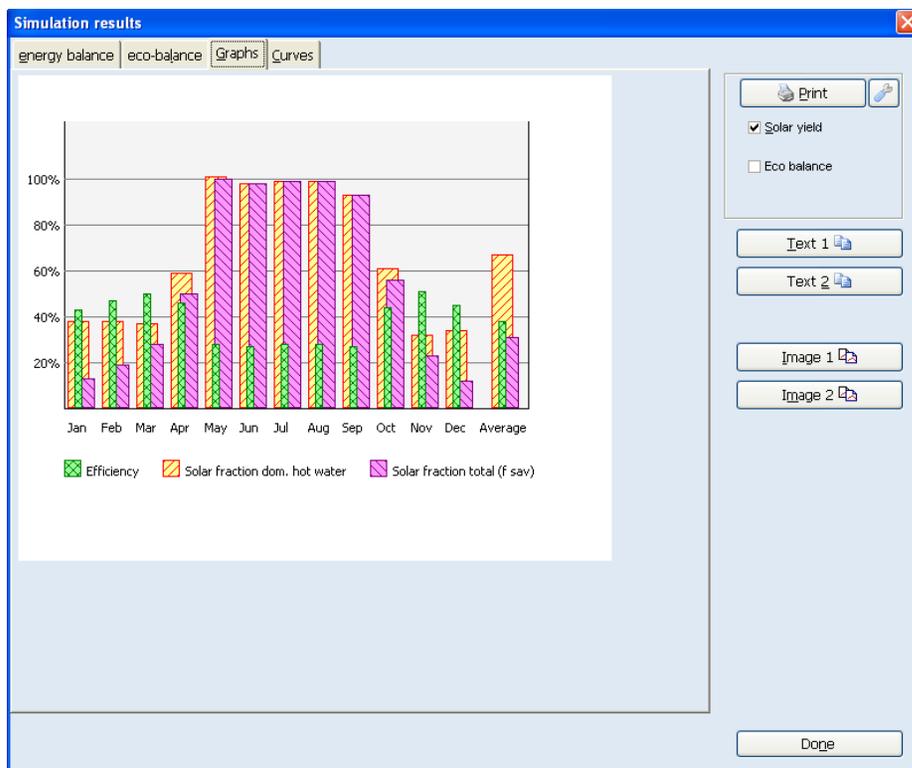
Print | Solar yield | Eco balance | Text 1 | Text 2 | Image 1 | Image 2 | Done

- Eco-balance:
 - Details on monthly and annual energy savings and CO2 reductions



GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (Basics): Simulation Results

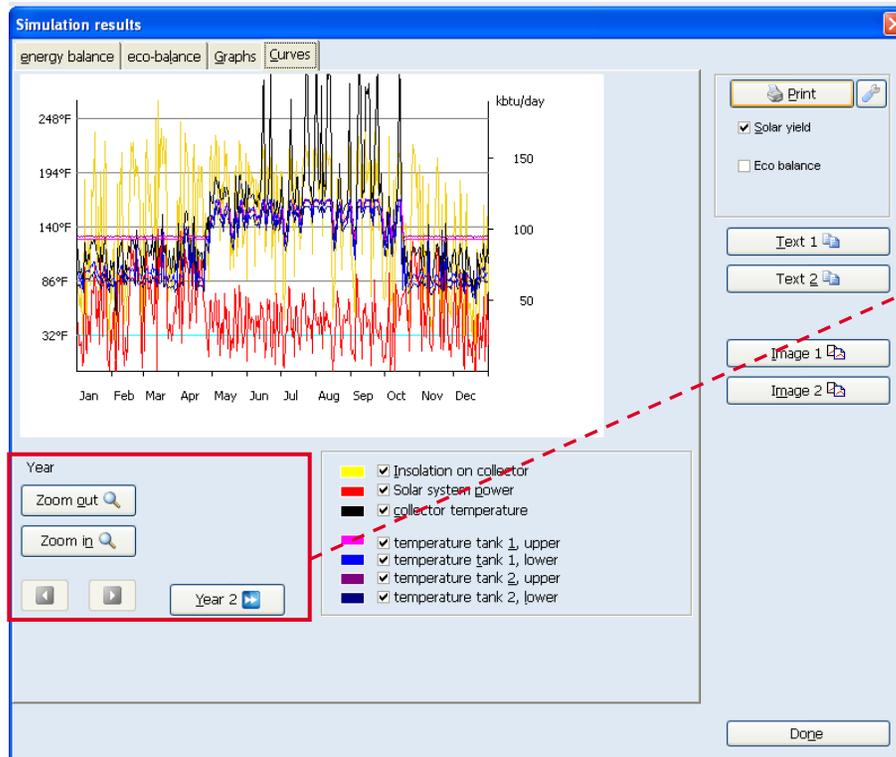


- Graphs:
 - Graphical monthly breakdown of solar fraction for DHW, solar fraction for Space Heating and efficiency



GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (Basics): Simulation Results



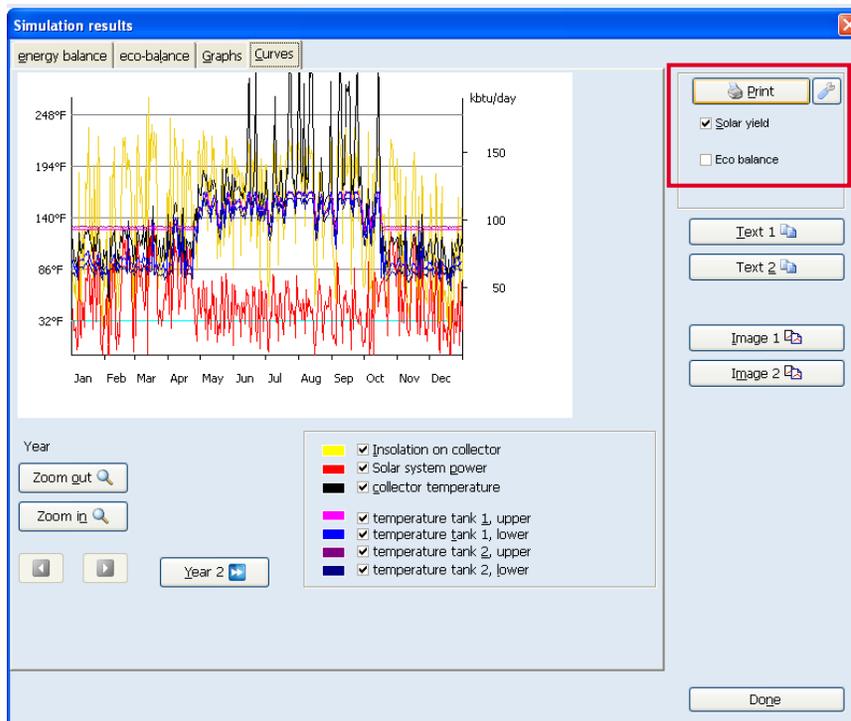
- Curves

- Graphs showing the temperature ranges for the different points of the system.
- Can be zoomed in or out to show graph for yearly, monthly and even daily values by clicking the zoom in and zoom out buttons



GetSolar Overview

Project Report



→ Once the simulation results have been confirmed, the project report may be created. This is done by clicking on the print button at the top right of the results window. The report may be 1 to 3 pages, depending on whether the Eco-Balance and/or Solar yield selections are chosen or not.



GetSolar Overview

Project Report

Header: adresse, name etc. can be entered here (<File> <Print options>)

Bosch Solar Simulation 2.0.11

- Solar simulation -

Project information

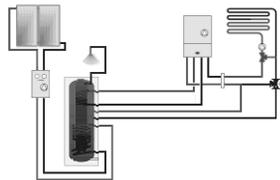
Name Solar thermal combi system

location Washington (DC)

Bosch FKC-1S
153.1 ft² Gross area

45.0° Mounting angle
0.0° Azimuth

combined tank
198 Gal solar tank
288 + 103 gal
(domestic- and heating water)



dom. hot water
100 gal/day with 125°F

heating energy
34.14 Mbtu/year
Solar heating
at T amb. < 59°F
heating circuit 131/104°F

Gas-fired condensing boiler

- The top half of the first page shows the system layout along with a summary of the project parameters.
- If selected in the print options, the header details will be displayed, along with company logo



Project Report

→ The bottom half of the first page has the annual results for the required energy, solar fraction, annual solar yield, and energy savings

Results

required energy	Hot water and storage heat losses	25190 kbtu/year
	heating energy	<u>34144 kbtu/year</u>
	Total	59334 kbtu/year
Solar fractions	dom. hot water	65.0%
	Heating	36.4%
	factor of savings for sdhw and space heating	48.5%
Key values	Efficiency	37.5%
	specific annual collector yield	188 kbtu/ft ²
	based on the collector gross area	
solar yield	dom. hot water	16369 kbtu/year
	Heating	12429 kbtu/year
	Total	28798 kbtu/year
eco balance	energy saving	39724 kbtu/year
	CO2 reduction	397 therm 4874 lbs/Year

The results are being calculated using a mathematical model. The actual solar output and energy savings may differ from the model due to variations in weather, patterns of use and other variables. The shown system schematic is for illustration only. It does not substitute the design and specification of a solar thermal system by a qualified engineer. Before implementing the design, all assumed parameters that have led to the results of the pre-design simulation should be checked against the actual design parameters. The responsibility for carrying out this check rests with the designer, installer, developer or customer.



GetSolar Overview

Project Report

Header: adresse, name etc. can be entered here (<File> <Print options>)

Bosch Solar Simulation 2.0.11 - energy balance -

Project: Solar thermal combi system
location: Washington, (DC) latitude: 38.9°
Collector: 145.70 ft² (6 pcs.) **Bosch FKC-1S**
Characteristics: eta0 = 0.770 a1 = 3.681 W/(m²K) a2 = 0.0173 W/(m²K²) [Solar Keymark]
Mounting angle: 45.0° Azimuth: 0.0°
System type: Combined domestic- and heating water tank
Tank: 198 Gal solar tank (288 + 103 gal domestic- and heating water)
 max. 179°F / min. 123°F
required energy: 62.63 kbtu/day = 100 gal/day from 50°F to 125°F
 34.14 Mbtu/year heating energy
Solar heating: at T amb. < 59°F heating circuit: 131/104°F, 19 kbtu/h at 3°F

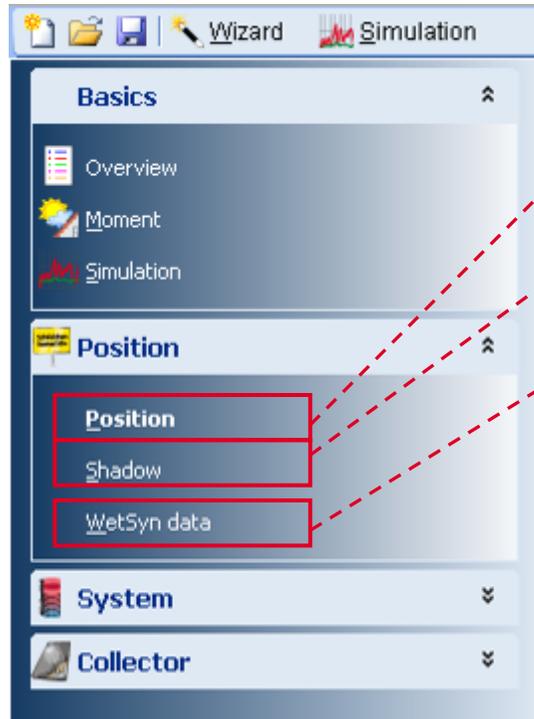
Month	solar yield [kbtu]	Solar heating * [kbtu]	solar irradiation [kbtu]	back up energy ** [kbtu]	Solar fraction dhw [%]	heating [%]	efficiency [%]
January:	2084	1449	5013	1419	31	19	42
February:	2563	2077	5718	1456	25	33	45
March:	3219	2617	6875	1462	29	51	47
April:	3140	1841	6969	821	64	81	45
May:	2247	0	7535	47	102	0	30
June:	2112	0	7373	1	98	0	29
July:	2237	0	7496	17	100	0	30
August:	2230	0	7355	5	100	0	30

→ The second and third pages show system details, energy/economy breakdown monthly and annually, and a graphical representation. The second page is specific to the energy balance (solar yield) and the third page for the eco-balance (energy and CO2 savings). These are the same tables and graphs from the results sections.



GetSolar Overview

System Parameters: Position



- Position: Details on the location of the project
- Shadow: Window for adding shading
- WetSyn Data: Meteorological data

GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (Position): Position

The screenshot shows a web application window titled "Position parameters -> Position". It has three tabs: "Position", "Shadow", and "WetSyn data". The "Position" tab is active, displaying a table with the following data:

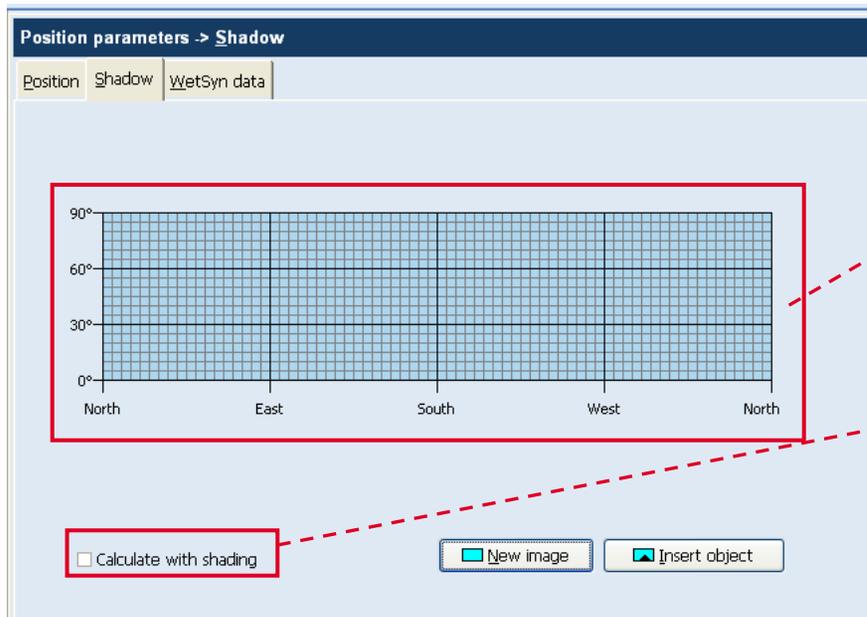
postcode	location	Country
33601	Tampa (FL)	USA
08601	Trenton (NJ)	USA
85701	Tucson (AZ)	USA
74101	Tulsa (OK)	USA
20001	Washington (DC)	USA
L4M-L4N	Barrie	CDN
T1X-T3Z	Calgary	CDN
T5A-T6X	Edmonton	CDN
B3H-B3V	Halifax	CDN

Below the table are two rows of buttons. The first row contains "Edit", "New", and "Delete" buttons. The second row contains "Find" and "Sort" buttons. Red dashed lines with arrows point from the table and buttons to the explanatory text on the right.

- Location window with ability to pick location in the scroll down menu
- Ability to edit cities, add new cities, and delete cities
- Multiple ways to locate specific location including by scrolling down the menu, searching through "find", and sorting using "sort"



System Parameters (Position): Shadow

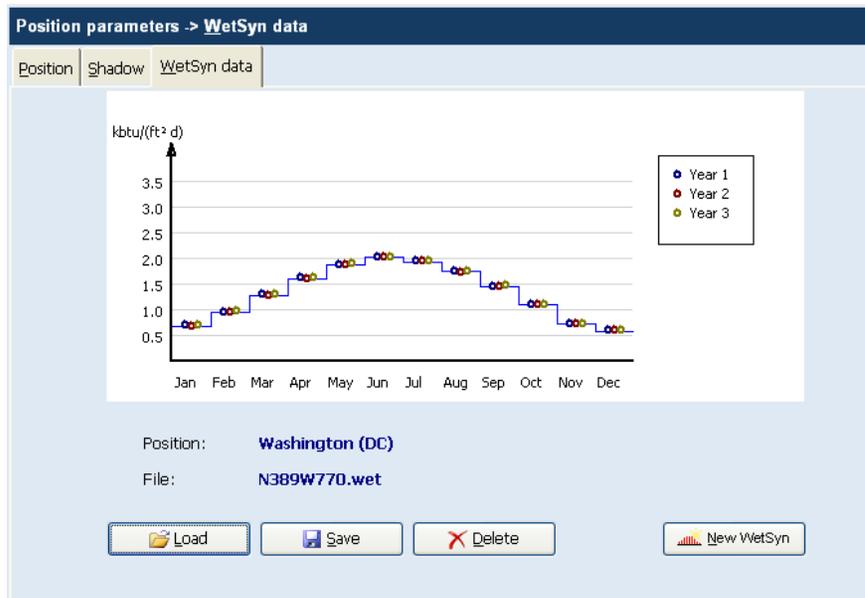


- The shadow window allows for the input of shading and locations of where projections of objects will be present
- The graph provides a visual of the location of the projections at the center of the collector array
- The “Calculate with shading” box must be checked in order to including shading in the simulation

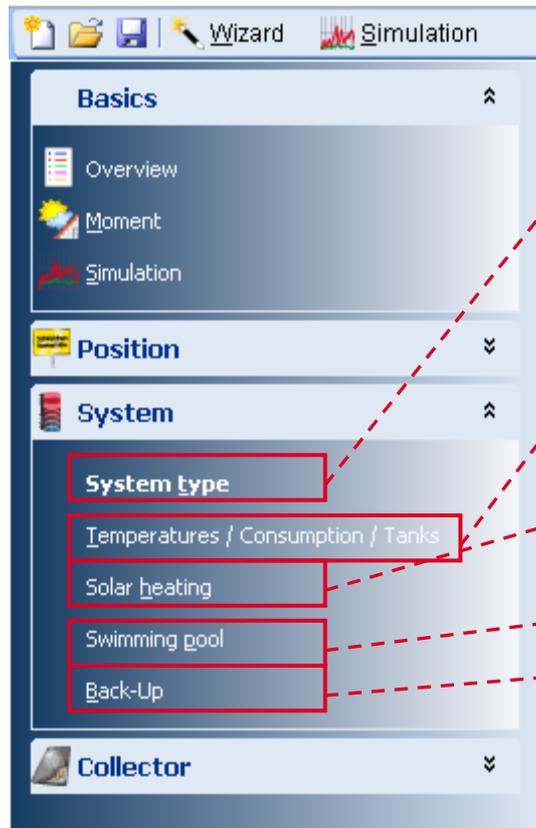
GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (Position): WetSyn Data

- WetSyn data is the meteorological data used for determining amount of solar radiation hitting the collectors at the specific location



System Parameters: System



- System type: Variety of system layouts to use specific for the project
- Temperatures/Consumption/Tanks: Inputs for the system loop temperatures, DHW load, and tank sizing
- Solar heating: Specifics for solar heating
- Swimming pool
- Back-up

GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (System): System type

System parameters -> System type

System type | Temperatures / Consumption / Tanks | Solar heating | Swimming pool | Back-Up

- Solar DHW dual coil tank
- Solar DHW - Combi-boiler
- Solar preheat system
- Combined tank for Solar DHW and space heating
- Dual tank system for DHW and space heating

Type of combined tank:

- Tank-in-tank

Swimming pool

- System type
 - Multiple options available to meet the most common system applications
- System Layout
 - Visual depiction of what the system layout looks like
- System specific options
 - Options may include back-up type, swimming pool, or anti legionella

GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (System): Temperatures/Consumption/Tanks

The screenshot displays the 'System parameters' window with three main sections: Temperatures, Consumption, and Tanks. The 'Temperatures' section includes input fields for Cold water inlet (50 °F), Hot water outlet temp. (131 °F), Maximum temp. (167 °F), and T. limit for heating period (59 °F). The 'Consumption' section shows Hot water usage (28.58 kbtu/day) with a unit converter (kbtu -> gal), a Demand profile dropdown set to 'Normal profile', and buttons for Change, New, and Delete. The 'Tanks' section is titled '198 Gal solar tank' and includes Capacity (144 gal for heating water part), Capacity tank 2 (52 gal for domestic hot water part), and Insulation (18.9 (ft²·°F·hr)/btu average) with a 'good' status indicator.

- The temperatures for the collector loop, tanks, and control strategies are located on the left hand side of the screen
- The consumption section allows for changes in DHW load and DHW demand profile for daily and annual usage.
- Tank options vary based on type of system selected, with ability to change tank volume and insulation factor



GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (System): Temperatures/Consumption/Tanks – Demand Profile

A.M. [%]		P.M. [%]	
0 - 6 h	6 - 12 h	12 - 18 h	18 - 24 h
2	2	7	7
0	3	9	9
0	5	5	6
0	7	3	5
0	7	3	3
0	10	5	2

Sum: 100

- The demand profile may be customized to be more specific to the project
- Daily profile values can be changed in this window. Ensure that all values sum up to 100
 - If not, the graph will be colored in red rather than blue advise that the sum is not 100
- Yearly profile values can be edited in the second tab

GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (System): Solar heating

System parameters -> Solar heating

System type | Temperatures / Consumption / Tanks | Solar heating | Swimming pool | Back-Up

Annual heating energy

Q heating kbtu/year

Heating circuit parameters

Nominal power kbtu/h

at outdoor temp. °F

Supply temp. °F

Return temp. °F

T. limit for heating period °F

→ Q heating is the input box for the Space Heating load in kBtu/year

→ Specifics of the space heating loop including nominal power, supply temp and return may be edited on the right side



GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (System): Swimming Pool

→ Window for integrating pool specifics

System parameters -> Swimming pool

System type | Temperatures / Consumption / Tanks | Solar heating | Swimming pool | Back-Up

Parameters

Pool temperature	<input type="text" value="82"/>	°F
Pool capacity	<input type="text" value="13209"/>	gal
In use from	<input type="text" value="04/15"/>	until <input type="text" value="09/15"/>
Minimum temperature in the tank	<input type="text" value="104"/>	°F



GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (System): Back-up

System parameters -> Back-Up

System type | Temperatures / Consumption / Tanks | Solar heating | Swimming pool | Back-Up

Back-Up

Heat source
Gas-fired condensing boiler

Unit	therm
kbtu per unit	100.000
CO2 / unit	12.269 lbs
Efficiency	
Winter	96 %
Spring / autumn	77 %
Summer	63 %

Change

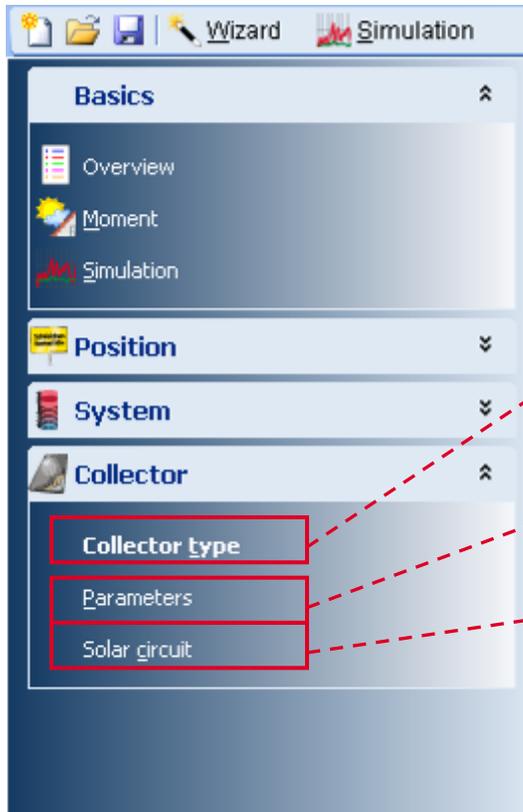
1 solar kbtu saves

Month	kbtu conv. energy	air (°F)
J	1.0	32.0
F	1.0	32.0
M	1.0	32.0
A	1.0	32.0
M	1.0	32.0
J	1.0	32.0
J	1.0	32.0
A	1.0	32.0
S	1.0	32.0
O	1.0	32.0
N	1.0	32.0
D	1.0	32.0

- Menu for selecting and editing the back-up component of the solar thermal system
- Click the change button to customize the back-up to be more specific for the project need
- The final report will use these values as defined in this section for fuel usage, CO2 offset and savings



System Parameters: Collector



- The collector menu is where changes in the collector type, positioning, and solar circuit are made.
- Collector type: change collector type and view specific collector details in this section
- Parameters: input for collector pitch and azimuth
- Solar circuit: specifics for the solar collector loop

GetSolar Overview

System Parameters (Collector): Collector type

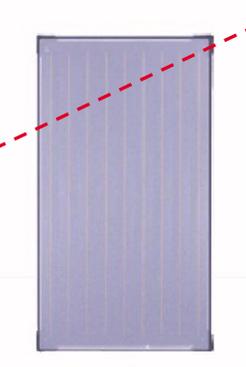
Collector parameters -> Collector type

Collector type Parameters Solar circuit

Bosch

Description	Aperture area	Keymark
FKB-1S	24.33	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
FKC-1S	24.28	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
FKC-1W	24.28	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
FKT-1S	24.27	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
FKT-1W	24.27	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

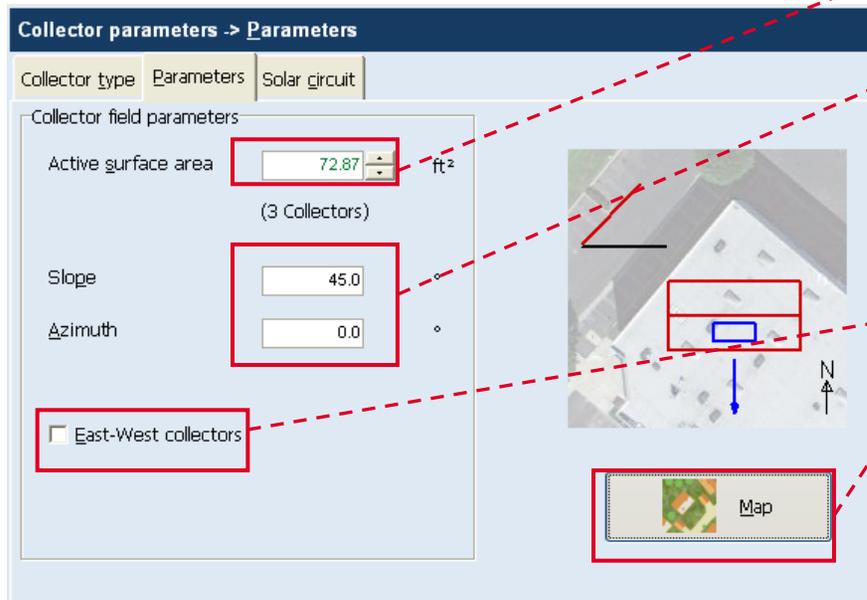
Show



- Option to select the type of collector for the system
- Details for the collector may be accessed by clicking on the “Show” button



System Parameters (Collector): Parameters



→ Change the number of collectors by clicking the arrows either up or down

→ The slope and azimuth may be altered also to meet project needs

- As in the wizard window, the collector representations on the right alter as the slope and/or azimuth is changed

→ There is also an option for simulating collectors installed East and West

→ The map option is useful for determining the azimuth and get an idea of collector location visually.

- To use, copy the from your computer by clicking “Print Screen” and then press the map button. The image will load up in the map section, where it can be dragged for placement

System Parameters (Collector): Solar Circuit

→ The “...” button provides a sizing guide for determining the pipe diameter

→ Flow Rate:

- FKT-1: 0.009 gpm/ft²
- FKC-1: 0.009 gpm/ft²

→ The values shown for medium, frost protection, and volume share antifreeze are specific to the Bosch Tyfocor L fluid so should be kept as displayed



Daily DHW Load Guidelines

- Residential (Based on Water Flow Rate & Sizing Guide for Commercial & Industrial Use, Marlo Incorporated):
 - 1st Resident: 20 Gallons Per Day
 - 2nd Resident: 15 GPD
 - Subsequent Resident: 10 GPD
- Commercial (Based on California Solar Initiative Thermal Program Handbook Rev 3.1):
 - Apartments/Condos: Number of units
 - 2 to 20 units: 42 GPD
 - 21 to 50: 40 GPD
 - 51 to 100: 38 GPD
 - 101 to 200: 37 GPD
 - 201 plus: 35 GPD



Daily DHW Load Guidelines Cont.

- Student Housing: 15 GPD per unit
- Hotels/Motels: 15 GPD per unit
- Retirement/Nursing Homes: 18 GPD per room
- Office Building without Showers: 1.0 GPD per person
- Restaurants:
 - Meal Service Restaurants: 2.4 GPD per full meal served
 - Quick Service Restaurants: 0.7 Gallons per meal served
- Elementary Schools: 0.6 gal/student/day of operation
- Junior and senior high schools: 1.8 gal/student/day of operation
- Laundries: 20 GPD per 10 lbs per washing machine



Important Notes

- The software must be UN-INSTALLED from your computer before installing an upgraded version
 - To do this follow the following steps
 - Start Menu -> Control Panel -> Add or Remove Programs -> Bosch Solarsimulation US -> Remove
- Following the removal steps
 - Install the new version of GetSolar
 - Delete all files in the following folder:
 - C:\Documents and Settings\SAN1IRV\Application Data\Bosch Solarsimulation US\
- After completing the above steps, GetSolar is ready for use



GetSolar Overview

Contact Info

Nishant Saxena
(TTNA/SNA-EAP3)

Project Manager
Bosch Engineering Solutions

Cell Number: 949-616-0386
Office Number: 949-585-5462
Email: nishant.saxena@us.bosch.com

Mark Stimson
(TTNA/SNA-MKT1)

Product Manager
STS

Cell Number: 805-657-4508
Office Number: 805-456-6468
Email: mark.stimson@us.bosch.com

