Technical Information



Logamatic LON-Gateway

For heating contractors

during project planning



| Co | nt | er | nts |
|----|----|-----|-----|
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Contents

| 1 | Expl | anation of symbols and safety instructions | 4 |
|---|-------|--|----|
| | 1.1 | Guideline to symbols | 4 |
| | 1.2 | Safety instructions | 5 |
| 2 | Proc | duct description | 6 |
| | 2.1 | Correct use | 6 |
| | 2.2 | Disposal | 6 |
| | 2.3 | Product description | 7 |
| | 2.4 | Specifications | 8 |
| | 2.5 | Specified communication objects | 8 |
| | 2.6 | Logamatic LON-Gateway firmware 1 | 0 |
| | 2.6.1 | I Firmware when delivered | 0 |
| | 2.6.2 | 2 Procedure for updating firmware 1 | 0 |
| | | | |
| 3 | Netv | vork interface 1 | 11 |
| | 3.1 | Overview of the SNVTs for variant 2 boilers 1 | 1 |
| | 3.2 | Description of the SNVTs for variant 2 boilers 1 | 4 |
| | 3.2.1 | I General 1 | 4 |
| | 3.2.2 | 2 Heating zones 1 | 6 |
| | 3.2.3 | B DHW heating 1 | 8 |
| | 3.2.4 | \$ Strategy | 20 |
| | 3.2.5 | 5 Floor-standing boilers | 21 |
| | 3.2.6 | 6 Solar | 22 |
| | 3.3 | Overview of the SNVTs for variant 4 boilers | 23 |
| | 3.4 | Description of the SNVTs for variant 4 boilers | 26 |
| | 3.4.1 | l General | 26 |
| | 3.4.2 | 2 Heating zones | 28 |
| | 3.4.3 | B DHW heating | 30 |
| | 3.4.4 | 4 Strategy | 32 |
| | 3.4.5 | 5 Boiler 1 | 33 |
| | 3.4.6 | 6 Boiler 2 | 35 |
| | 3.4.7 | 7 Status | 37 |

| Contents |
|----------|
|----------|

| Ļ | Operating basics | 38 |
|---|------------------|---------|
| · | Operating basics | . : |

| 5 | Incorporation of Logamatic 4000 in LON networks via | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 5.1 Structure of the hardware | | | | | |
| | 5.2 Creating LON networks | | | | | |
| | 5.2.1 Commissioning LON networks | | | | | |
| | 5.2.2 Decommissioning LON networks | | | | | |
| 6 | The LON-Gateway as LonMark object | | | | | |
| | 6.1 Variant 2 boiler | | | | | |
| | 6.2 Variant 4 boiler | | | | | |
| 7 | Error list | | | | | |

1 Explanation of symbols and safety instructions

1.1 Guideline to symbols

Warnings



Warnings are indicated in the text by a warning triangle and a gray background.



In case of danger from electric shock, the exclamation point on the warning triangle is replaced with a lightning symbol.

Signal words at the beginning of a warning are used to indicate the type and seriousness of the ensuing risk if measures for minimizing damage are not taken.

- NOTE indicates that minor damage to property may occur.
- · CAUTION indicates possible minor to medium personal injury.
- · WARNING indicates possible severe personal injury.
- **DANGER** indicates that severe personal injury may occur.

Important information

Important information that presents no risk to people or property is indicated with this symbol. It is separated by horizontal lines above and below the text.

Additional symbols

| Symbol | Meaning |
|---------------|--|
| • | Sequence of steps |
| \rightarrow | Cross-reference to other points in this document or to other documents |
| • | Listing/list entry |
| _ | Listing/list entry (2nd level) |

Tab. 1

WARNING: Only transformers with following specification are permitted:

6 V AC; 400 mA. The transformer is not part of the product! Please take care to use a reliable product which meets our requirements shown above. Do not mount the transformer internally!

Buderus does not accept responsibility for systems which contravene the Installation instruction or addition documentation in scope of delivery.

The transformer must be mounted in a separate enclosure which is rated for this purpose.

1.2 Safety instructions

Installation and commissioning

The Logamatic LON-Gateway interface module has been designed and built in accordance with currently recognized standards and safety requirements.

However, dangers or property damage may arise if it is used improperly.

- Observe these instructions to ensure satisfactory operation.
- ▶ The appliance may only be installed and started up by a trained installer.
- All changes and adjustments made via superior control systems must meet the heating system requirements.

Risk of death from electric shock

- > The power supply must be connected by a qualified electrician.
- ► The terminal diagram must be followed.
- Before opening the appliance, isolate all poles of the mains power supply and secure against unintentional reconnection.
- Never install this appliance in wet rooms.
- Ensure that a circuit breaker is available to disconnect all poles from the mains power supply. If there is no circuit breaker, you will need to install one.

Risk of damage from operator error

Operator errors can cause injury and damage to property.

- ▶ Ensure that children never operate this appliance unsupervised or play with it.
- ▶ Ensure that only individuals who can operate this appliance correctly have access to it.

Device damage from electrostatic discharge (ESD)

 Before unpacking the module, touch a radiator or a grounded metal water pipe to discharge any electrostatic charge in your body.

Damage from incorrect spare parts

 Only use original Buderus spare parts. Damage caused by the use of spare parts not supplied by Buderus are excluded from the Buderus warranty.

5

2 Product description

2.1 Correct use

The Logamatic LON-Gateway may only be used to connect Buderus boilers with control panel from the Buderus Logamatic 4000 control series to superior control and/or building control systems via LON-BUS.

2.2 Disposal

Electronic components do not belong in household waste.
 Dispose of defunct modules correctly through an authorized disposal site.

2.3 Product description

The Logamatic LON-Gateway is incorporated into a LON network via a twisted pair cable (twisted 2-wire line). The twisted pair cable is protected against reverse polarity.

Defined data of the Buderus control panel is implemented with the Logamatic LON-Gateway interface on standard network variable types (SNVTs) for the LON data bus. The communication includes forwarding of error messages, operating messages, and actual values, as well as changing of set points and operating modes for boilers and consumers.



- 1 Superior control system (building control system)
- 2 LON Gateway

Making the electrical connections

| | Logamatic LON-Gateway |
|---|---|
| Connection of the Logamatic LON- Gateway with Logamatic 4000 | ECOCAN-BUS interface (BUS communication), 3000 ft (1000 m) shielded cable |
| Connection of Logamatic LON-Gateway to LON networks | FTT-10A transceiver for incorporation via 2-wire cable (twisted pair) to standardized LON BUS network; line or free BUS topology possible |
| Maximum cable length for FTT 10 depending on the cable types used (see | JY(ST)Y 2x2x0,8: max. 1050 ft (320 m) for node to node, 1640 ft (500 m) total |
| Echelon documentation). | Cat5: max. 820 ft (250 m) for node to node 1480 t (450 m) |

Tab. 2Electrical connections on the LON-Gateway

Product features of the LON-Gateway

- Can be used with all digital Logamatic 4000 control panels
- Interface can be equipped after the fact for the superior control system or for LON thermostats, integration into existing building control technology/direct digital control (GLT/DDC)
- Interoperability through use of the standard network variable types (SNVT) assured according to LonMark[®]
- Provision of the SNVT data for systems consisting of:

| Communication objects | Variant 2 boiler | Variant 4 boiler |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Boiler | 2 | 4 |
| Heating zones | 5 | 1 |
| DHW zone with tank charging pump and recirculation pump | 1 | 1 |
| Solar thermal system for DHW heating | 1 | - |

Tab. 3 Variants

2.4 Specifications

| | Unit | Logamatic LON-Gateway |
|---------------------------------|-------------|---|
| Power supply | L | 6 V AC, 400 mA |
| Frequency | Hz | 50/60 Hz |
| Power consumption | VA | 1.5 |
| Dimensions (width/height/depth) | inches (mm) | 5-1/8" / 5-1/2" / 9/16" (130/140/40) |
| Weight | oz (g) | 14 (400) |
| Operating temperature | °F (°C) | 40 to 122 (5 to 50) |
| Protection level | | IP40 |

Tab. 4 Specifications

2.5 Specified communication objects

With the LON-Gateway, selected data from up to four Logamatic 4000 control panels can be exchanged via LON data bus with third-party control systems.

In addition to the communication objects for the first boilers, which are a component of the control panel, additional functions in the form of modules for multi-boiler systems, heating zones, DHW, and solar can be added.



If heating zones are served via LON, no other remote controls, e.g. Buderus remote control BFU, may be connected to this heating zone.

| Requirement | 1 bo 5 heatin 1 Di 1 so | viler g zones HW blar | 2 bo 5 heatin 1 D 1 so | oiler Ig zones HW olar | 4 b 1 heat 1 ∖ | oilers ing zone DHW | Expansion for heating zones 3, 4 ¹⁾ |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | 1 ZM 2 | ZM- | | | M 3 4 | 1 ZM 2 | 12 |
| | Logamatic 4211 | Loga 41 | matic 21 | Loga 43 | matic 21 | Logamatic 4323 | Logamatic 4122 |
| Boiler with Logamatic 4000 | • (ZM422) | - | - | o (FM- | ²⁾ 458) | o ²⁾ (FM458) | _ |
| Boiler with Logamatic EMS | - | • (ZM424) | o (FM456 in slot 2) | o (FM· | ²⁾ 458) | o ²⁾ (FM458) | - |
| DHW heating | • (ZM422) | (ZM | • 424) | (FM441 | o in slot 2) | o (FM441 in slot 1) | - |
| LON HK 1 | o (FM442 in slot 1) | (ZM | • 424) | o (FM442 in slot 1) | o (FM441 in slot 1) | o (FM441 in slot 1) | - |
| LON HK 2 | o (FM442 in slot 1) | (ZM | • 424) | o (FM442 in slot 1) | - | - | - |
| LON HK 5 | • (ZM422) | _ | - | o (FM442 in slot 3) | - | - | - |
| Solar DHW heating | o (FM443 in slot 2) | (FM443 | o in slot 2) | o (FM443 in slot 2) | - | - | - |
| LON HK 3 LON HK 4 | o ¹⁾ | o ¹⁾ | o ¹⁾ | o (4322 with FM442 in slot 2) | - | _ | o (FM442 in slot 2) |
| LON flasher version | LON Flasher 2B_00 | LON Flasher 2B_E_00 | LON Flasher 2B_E_00 | LON Flasher 2B_00 | LON Flasher 4B_00 | LON Flasher 4B_00 | |
| XIF file version | LON_2B_00 | LON_2B_00 | LON_2B_00 | LON_2B_00 | LON_4B_00 | LON_4B_00 | |
| Address of Logamatic control panel | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 ³⁾ | 1 ³⁾ | 1 | 2 |

Tab. 5 Overview of LON-Gateway and Logamatic control system

- 1) Logamatic 4122 required if LON heating zones 3 and 4 are required in one and two-boiler systems.
- 2) Function module FM458 combines boiler with the Logamatic 4000 and Logamatic EMS control system.
- 3) ECOCAN-BUS address of the Logamatic 4321 control panel on the first boiler; additional boilers with Logamatic 4321 control panel of the 4322 are assigned ECOCAN-BUS addresses 2 to 4.
- Basic equipment
- = Optional (required accessories in parentheses)
- Not required

2.6 Logamatic LON-Gateway firmware

2.6.1 Firmware when delivered

When delivered, the firmware version LON_Flasher_2B_00 is preinstalled. This version is for a heating system with floor-standing boilers with Logamatic 4321. If you need another firmware variant (e.g. LON_Flasher_4B_00) for your installation, it is easy to update the firmware. (see procedure for updating firmware)



The firmware version of your LON-Gateway is displayed via the Logamatic ECO-SOFT 4000/EMS service software (Start communication -> Select COM port settings -> Direct connection).

You can find the correct COM port under: Windows XP from the device manager (Control panel -> System -> Hardware -> Device manager -> COM port). Procedure for Windows Visa and Windows 7: Control panel -> Hardware and Sound -> Device manager -> COM port.

2.6.2 Procedure for updating firmware

First the LON-Gateway must be connected to the power supply and connected on-site to your computer via the RS232 interface or USB converter.

- Obtain the desired firmware from Buderus and, start the LONFlasher******.exe.
- Select the COM port.
- Start the update with the Flash button. A display informs you about the current progress. The update is only complete when a message "...successful!" appears.
- When a message "...successful!" appears, confirm with OK. The update is complete.

After the successful update, disconnect the LON-Gateway from the line voltage for approx. 2 minutes to perform a reset. This completes the firmware update.

3 Network interface

3.1 Overview of the SNVTs for variant 2 boilers

The prerequisite for the proper function is that the firmware on the LON-Gateway interface has at least the version number indicated below and the following application file is used:

| Alternative | ive Buderus (alternative of the LON-Flasher) | |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------|
| 2 boilers with Logamatic EMS | LON_Flasher_2B_E_00 | LON_2B_00 |
| 2 boilers with Logamatic 4000 | LON_Flasher_2B_00 | LON_2B_00 |

Tab. 6

Communication via the Logamatic LON-Gateway takes place using standard network variable types (SNVT). Standard configuration parameter types (SCPTs) are not used.

i

Set the system up for repeated reading of SNVTs, which ensure data exchange between the network participants.

| No. | Meaning | SNVT type | SNVT name |
|-----|--|----------------------|------------------|
| | General | | 1 |
| 0 | Time | SNVT_time_ stamp(84) | nviUhrzeit |
| 1 | Outdoor temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAussen_Tp |
| 2 | Error message 1 control unit addresses 1 + 2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler1 |
| 3 | Error message 2 control unit addresses 1 + 2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler2 |
| 4 | Error message 3 control unit addresses 1 + 2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler3 |
| 5 | Error message 4 control unit addresses 1 + 2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler4 |
| | Heating zone 1 | | |
| 6 | Change operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode(108) | nviHK1TgNtAt |
| 7 | Change room set point night temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK1RaumSNt_Tp |
| 8 | Change room set point day temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK1RaumSTg_Tp |
| 9 | Display room set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK1Raum_S_Tp |
| 10 | Display operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode(108) | nvoHK1Betrieb |
| 11 | Display heating zone supply actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK1VLlst_Tp |
| | Heating zone 2 | | |
| 12 | Change operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode(108) | nviHK2TgNtAt |
| 13 | Change room set point night temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK2RaumSNt_Tp |
| 14 | Change room set point day temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK2RaumSTg_Tp |

Tab. 7Service menu navigator

11

| No. | Meaning | SNVT type | SNVT name |
|-----|---|----------------------|------------------|
| 15 | Display room set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK2Raum_S_Tp |
| 16 | Display operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode(108) | nvoHK2Betrieb |
| 17 | Display heating zone supply actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK2VLlst_Tp |
| | Heating zone 3 | | |
| 18 | Change operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode(108) | nviHK3TgNtAt |
| 19 | Change room set point night temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK3RaumSNt_Tp |
| 20 | Change room set point day temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK3RaumSTg_Tp |
| 21 | Display room set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK3Raum_S_Tp |
| 22 | Display operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode(108) | nvoHK3Betrieb |
| 23 | Display heating zone supply actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK3VLlst_Tp |
| | Heating zone 4 | | |
| 24 | Change operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode(108) | nviHK4TgNtAt |
| 25 | Change room set point night temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK4RaumSNt_Tp |
| 26 | Change room set point day temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK4RaumSTg_Tp |
| 27 | Display room set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK4Raum_S_Tp |
| 28 | Display operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nvoHK4Betrieb |
| 29 | Display heating zone supply actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK4VLlst_Tp |
| | Heating zone 5 | | |
| 30 | Change operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviHK5TgNtAt |
| 31 | Change room set point night temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK5RaumSNt_Tp |
| 32 | Change room set point day temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK5RaumSTg_Tp |
| 33 | Display room set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK5Raum_S_Tp |
| 34 | Display operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nvoHK5Betrieb |
| 35 | Display heating zone supply actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK5VLlst_Tp |
| | DHW | | |
| 36 | Change operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviHK1TgNtAt |
| 37 | Change DHW set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviWW_Set_Tp |
| 38 | Change recirculation pump operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviZP_TgNtAt |
| 39 | Display operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nvoWW_Betrieb |
| 40 | Display DHW set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoWW_S_Tp |
| 41 | Display DHW actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoWW_lst_Tp |
| 42 | Display recirculation pump operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nvoZP_Betrieb |
| | Strategy | | |
| 43 | Change system operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviAnlTgNtAt |
| 44 | Change system supply set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviAnlVorgabe_Tp |
| 45 | Display system supply actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAnIVLIst_Tp |
| 46 | Display system return actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAnIRLIst_Tp |

Tab. 7Service menu navigator

Network interface

| No. | Meaning | SNVT type | SNVT name |
|-----|--|-----------------------|------------------|
| | Boiler 1 | | |
| 47 | Status of burner boiler 1 ¹⁾ | SNVT_state(83) | nvoKS1Br1Stufe1 |
| 48 | Status burner boiler 1 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoKS1Br1Stufe2 |
| 49 | Display boiler actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoKS1VLlst_Tp |
| | Boiler 2 | | |
| 50 | Status burner boiler 2 ¹⁾ | SNVT_state(83) | nvoKS2Br1Stufe1 |
| 51 | Status burner boiler 2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoKS2Br1Stufe2 |
| 52 | Display boiler actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoKS2VLlst_Tp |
| | Solar thermal system | | |
| 53 | Change operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviSLTgNtAt |
| 54 | Display operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nvoSLBetrieb |
| 55 | Display collector actual temperature (FSK) | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoSLKoll_Tp |
| 56 | Display solar tank actual temperature (FSS1) | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoSLSP1Unten_Tp |
| 57 | Display solar yield (heat quantity) | SNVT_elec_kwh_l (146) | nvoSLWMZ_Ertrag |
| 58 | | SNVT_file_pos(90) | nviParameter |
| 59 | | SNVT_file_pos(90) | nviAdresse |
| 60 | | SNVT_file_pos(90) | nvoMonitoring |

Tab. 7 Service menu navigator

1) Display of the output for boilers with Logamatic EMS

3.2 Description of the SNVTs for variant 2 boilers

Note:

The right column indicates the number of bytes.

3.2.1 General

| 0 Time | SNVT_time_ stamp(84) | nviUhrzeit | 7 |
|--------|----------------------|------------|---|
|--------|----------------------|------------|---|

Tab. 8 Value for comparison of the time in the Buderus control system with the LON network

Format: YYYY/MM/DD hh:mm:ss

| 1 | Outdoor temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAussen_Tp | 2 |
|-------|-------------------------------------|------------------|--------------|---|
| T-1-0 | D'autor of the comment contribution | | | |

Tab. 9Display of the current outdoor temperature

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.)

| 2 | Error message 1 control | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler1 | 2 |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|------------|---|
| | panel address 1 + 2 | | | |

Tab. 10 Output for error messages: error 1 of control panel 1 and 2

For the error list, see Chapter 7, page 43.

Error messages are displayed as 2-byte values (2 x 8 bits). The first byte (the first 8 bits seen from the left) is the interpretation of the error message of control panel address 2. The second byte (the remaining 8 bits) is the interpretation of the error message of control panel address 1:

| | First byte - error boiler 2 | | | | Second byte - error boiler 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Display | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interpretation | 2 ⁰ | 2 ¹ | 2 ² | 2 ³ | 2 ⁴ | 2 ⁵ | 2 ⁶ | 2 ⁷ | 2 ⁰ | 2 ¹ | 2 ² | 2 ³ | 2 ⁴ | 2 ⁵ | 2 ⁶ | 2 ⁷ |

Tab. 11

Errors are displayed as binary values and must be converted to decimal values. By comparing with the error list (see Chapter 7, page 43), the associated texts are assigned to the error numbers.

Example: see page 27

Example:

| 3 | Error message 2 control panel address 1 + 2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler1 | 2 |
|---|--|----------------|------------|---|
| 4 | Error message 3 control panel address 1 + 2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler1 | 2 |
| 5 | Error message 4 control panel address 1 + 2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler1 | 2 |

Tab. 12Outputs for error messages

Second, third, and fourth current errors in the control panel in question. List of the error list, see Chapter 7, page 43.

Interpretation as described for error message 1.

3.2.2 Heating zones

This section describes only heating zone 1. For heating zones 2 to 5, the details apply accordingly.

| 6 | Operating mode (Day/Night/Auto) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviHK1TgNtAt | 1 |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---|
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---|

Tab. 13 Value for changing the operating mode of a heating zone

Format:

| Value | Designation | Description |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0 | HVAC_AUTO | The heating zone is controlled according to the set heating program (automatic mode). |
| 1 | HVAC_heat | The heating zone is controlled in day mode (manual day mode). |
| 6 | HVAC_off | The heating zone is controlled in setback mode (manual night mode – see note about setback). |

Tab. 14

Changing the operating mode

With the HVAC_heat / HVAC_off setting, the operating mode for the consumer is changed externally via the LON data bus.

Type of setback:

The type of setback set in the control panel has a direct influence on the behavior of the consumer in setback mode or night mode. The following functions are available for selection:

- Switch off: the heating mode with activation of the pump is turned off entirely with this operating mode, however the frost protection is active.
- Reduced: the controls are set to a lower room temperature set point (night temperature) and they constantly activate the heating pump. The controls work with a parallel heating curve moved downwards depending on the outdoor temperature.
- Outside stop: this operating mode combines the setback mode and the reduced heating mode. Below a set outdoor temperature, the boiler operates in reduced mode and above that temperature, in off mode.

| 7 | Room set point night | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK1RaumSNt_Tp | 2 |
|---|----------------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 15 Value for changing the set point temperature for the setback heating mode (night mode)

Setting: 36 °F to 84 °F (2 °C to 29 °C) in 1-degree intervals

Notes:

- The room set point night temperature specifies the temperature level in the setback mode or night mode for the consumer. With this setting, the heating curve moves in parallel. If you change the room set point temperature by 2 °F (1 °C), then the supply temperature changes by approx.
 6 °F (3 °C).
- The room set point night temperature is not active with the setback type "off."
- The room set point night temperature is not taken into account with the setting heating system "constant." The temperature set in the control panel for the heating zone and the temperature setback are active.

| 8 | Room set point day | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK1RaumSTg_Tp | 2 |
|---|--------------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 16 Value for changing the set point temperature for the setback heating mode (day mode)

Setting: 52 °F to 86 °F (11 °C to 30 °C) in 1-degree intervals

Notes:

- The room set point day temperature specifies the temperature level in day mode for the consumer. With this setting, the heating curve moves in parallel. If you change the room set point temperature by 2 °F (1 °C), then the supply temperature changes by approx. 6 °F (3 °C).
- The room set point day temperature is not active with the setback type "off."
- The room set point night temperature is not taken into account with the setting heating system "constant." The temperature set in the control panel for the heating zone and the temperature setback are active.

| | 9 | Room set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK1Raum_S_Tp | 2 |
|--|---|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|
|--|---|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|

Tab. 17 Display of the currently-valid room set point temperature for the consumer

| 10 | Operating mode (Day/Night/ | SNVT_hvac_mode | nvoHK1Betrieb | 1 |
|----|----------------------------|----------------|---------------|---|
| | Auto) | (108) | | |

Tab. 18 Display of the currently-valid operating mode for the consumer

| 11 | Heating zone supply actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK1VLlst_Tp | 2 |
|----|----------------------------|------------------|----------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 19 Display of the currently-measured supply temperature for the consumer

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

3 Network interface

3.2.3 DHW heating

| 36 | Operating mode (Day/Night/ | SNVT_hvac_mode | nviHK1TgNtAt | 1 |
|----|----------------------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| | Auto) | (108) | | |

Tab. 20 Value for changing the operating mode of DHW heating

Format:

| Value | Designation | Description |
|-------|-------------|---|
| 0 | HVAC_AUTO | The DHW control follows the set DHW program (automatic mode). |
| 1 | HVAC_heat | The DHW control operates in constant operation (manual day mode). |
| 6 | HVAC_off | The DHW controls are turned off (manual night mode). |

Tab. 21

Changing the operating modeWith the HVAC_heat / HVAC_off setting, the operating mode for the consumer is changed externally via the LON data bus.

| 37 | DHW set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviWW_Set_Tp | 2 |
|----|---------------------------|------------------|--------------|---|
| | | | | |

Tab. 22 Value for changing the DHW set point temperature (DHW heating)

Set range: 86 °F to 140 °F (30 °C to 60 °C) (with approval up to 176 °F (80 °C)); in 1-degree intervals



WARNING: Risk of scalding at the hot water taps.

There is a risk of scalding at the hot water taps if DHW temperatures can be set above 140 °F (60 °C) and during thermal disinfection.

 Select settings > 140 °F (60 °C) only if a thermostatic mixing valve is installed as protection against scalding.

Notes:

- The set point temperature for DHW heating specifies the temperature level for the consumer in automatic mode or day mode.
- If for DHW heating temperatures > 140 °F (60 °C) are desired, the range up to 176 °F (80 °C) can be released on the service level in the DHW menu.

| 38 | Recirculation pump operating | SNVT_hvac_mode | nviZP_TgNtAt | 1 |
|----|------------------------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| | mode (D/N/A) | (108) | | |

Tab. 23 Value for changing the operating mode of the recirculation pump

Format:

| Value | Designation | Description |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0 | HVAC_AUTO | The activation of the recirculation pump works according to the recirculation pump program set (automatic mode). |
| 1 | HVAC_heat | The recirculation pump is activated constantly (manual day mode). |
| 6 | HVAC_off | The recirculation pump is turned off (manual night mode). |

Tab. 24

Changing the operating mode

With the HVAC_heat / HVAC_off setting, the operating mode for the consumer is changed externally via the LON data bus.

| 39 | Operating mode (Day/Night/ | SNVT_hvac_mode | nvoWW_Betrieb | 1 |
|----|----------------------------|----------------|---------------|---|
| | Auto) | (108) | | |

 Tab. 25
 Display of the currently-valid operating mode for DHW heating

| 40 | DHW set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoWW_S_Tp | 2 |
|----|---------------------------|------------------|------------|---|
| | | | | |

Tab. 26 Display of the currently-valid set point temperature for DHW heating

| 41 | DHW actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoWW_lst_Tp | 2 |
|----|------------------------|------------------|--------------|---|
|----|------------------------|------------------|--------------|---|

Tab. 27Display of the actual temperature measured in the DHW tank

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

| 42 | Recirculation pump | SNVT_hvac_mode | nvoZP_Betrieb | 1 |
|----|------------------------|----------------|---------------|---|
| | operating mode (D/N/A) | (108) | | |

Tab. 28 Display of the currently-selected operating mode for the recirculation pump

3 Network interface

3.2.4 Strategy

In the "Strategy" section, the values for the entire heating system are summarized. This is especially important for multi-boiler systems (cascades).

| 43 | Operating mode (D/N/A) system | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviAnl_TgNtAt | 2 |
|----|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|---|
|----|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|---|

Tab. 29 Value for changing the operating mode of the entire system (all heating zones)

Format:

| Value | Designation | Description |
|-------|-------------|---|
| 0 | HVAC_AUTO | The system works according to the internal setting on the control panel (automatic mode). |
| 1 | HVAC_heat | The system is turned on (all on) and works in manual day mode. |
| 6 | HVAC_off | The system is turned off (all off). |

Tab. 30

Changing the operating mode

With the HVAC_heat / HVAC_off setting, the operating mode for the consumer is changed externally via the LON data bus.

| 44 | System supply set point | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviAnlVorgabe_Tp | 2 |
|----|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 31 Value for changing the system set point temperature (boiler supply temperature)

Set range: 32 °F to 194 °F (0 °C to 90 °C); in 1-degree intervals

| 45 | System supply actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAnlVLIst_Tp | 2 |
|----|----------------------|------------------|----------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 32Display of the currently-measured supply temperature for a floor-standing multi-boiler
system

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

| 46 | System return actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAnIRLIst_Tp | 2 |
|----|----------------------|------------------|----------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 33 Display of the currently-measured return temperature for a floor-standing multi-boiler system

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

3.2.5 Floor-standing boilers

This section describes "floor-standing boiler 1." For boiler 2, the details apply accordingly.

Tab. 34Display of the current burner level in operation and/or display of the current boiler
output for boilers with Logamatic EMS

| Boiler with Logamatic 4000 | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | Burner | 1st level on | Burner 2nd level on / modulating | | | | |
| | High byte | Low byte | High byte | Low byte | | | |
| OFF | xxxx xxxx | Оххх хххх | хххх хххх | хОхх хххх | | | |
| ON | xxxx xxxx | 1 xxx xxxx | хххх хххх | x1xx xxxx | | | |

Tab. 35

x = the bit is not used

Boiler with Logamatic EMS boiler output

Example:

| | First byte | | | | | | | Secor | nd by | te | | | | | | |
|---------|------------|---|---|---|----|----|----|-------|-------|----|---|---|----|----|----|-----|
| Factor | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 |
| Display | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | x | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

Tab. 36

Result: 64 + 32 + 4 = 100% (only evaluate second byte)

X - is not used

| 49 | Boiler supply temperatu | ire (FK) actual | SNVT_tem | p_p(105) | nvoKS | 1VLlst_Tp | 2 |
|----|-------------------------|-----------------|----------|----------|-------|-----------|---|
| | | | | | | | |

Tab. 37 Display of the currently-measured supply temperature for a floor-standing multi-boiler system

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

3.2.6 Solar

| 53 | Solar operating mode (Day/Night/ | SNVT_hvac_mode | nviSLTgNtAt | 2 |
|----|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------|---|
| | Auto) | (108) | | |

Tab. 38 Value for changing the operating mode of the solar heating system

Format:

| Value | Designation | Description |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0 | HVAC_AUTO | The solar thermal system works according to the internal setting on the control panel (automatic mode). |
| 1 | HVAC_heat | The solar thermal system is turned on and works in manual day mode (heed instructions - no control function!). |
| 6 | HVAC_off | The solar thermal system is turned off (see instructions!). |

Tab. 39

Changing the operating modeWith the HVAC_heat / HVAC_off setting, the operating mode for the consumer is changed externally via the LON data bus.

| 54 | Solar operating mode (Day/ | SNVT_hvac_mode | nvoSLBetrieb | 2 |
|----|----------------------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| | Night/Auto) | (100) | | |

Tab. 40 Display of the currently-valid operating mode for the solar heating system

| 55 | Collector actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoSLKoll_Tp | 2 |
|----|------------------------------|------------------|--------------|---|
| | (FSK) | | | |

Tab. 41 Display of the currently-measured collector temperature for the solar heating system

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

| 56 | Temperature tank 1 bottom | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoSLSP1Unten_Tp | 2 |
|----|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| | actual (FSS1) | | | |

Tab. 42 Display of the currently-measured actual temperature in the solar part of the DHW tank

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

| 57 | Solar yield (heat quantity) | SNVT_elec_kwh_l (146) | nvoSLWMZ_Ertrag 4 |
|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | | | |

Tab. 43 Display of the current quantity of heat brought into the solar part of the DHW tank

Format: yield as numeric value in kWh

3.3 Overview of the SNVTs for variant 4 boilers

The prerequisite for the proper function is that the firmware on the LON-Gateway interface has at least the version number indicated below and the following application file is used:

| Alternative | Buderus (alternative of the LON-Flasher) | LON application file (XIF file) |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| 4 boilers with Logamatic EMS or Logamatic 4000 | LON_Flasher_4B 00 | LON_4B_00 |

Tab. 44

Communication via the Logamatic LON-Gateway takes place using standard network variable types (SNVT). Standard configuration parameter types (SCPTs) are not used.

For the data exchange between the network devices to work properly, set up the cyclical query of the SNVTs.

| No. | Meaning | SNVT type | SNVT name | | |
|-----|--|----------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | General | I | | | |
| 0 | Time | SNVT_time_ stamp(84) | nviUhrzeit | | |
| 1 | Outdoor temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAussen_Tp | | |
| 2 | Error message 1 boiler 1,2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler1_R1_R2 | | |
| 3 | Error message 2 boiler 1,2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler2_R1_R2 | | |
| 4 | Error message 3 boiler 1,2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler3_R1_R2 | | |
| 5 | Error message 4 boiler 1,2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler4_R1_R2 | | |
| 6 | Error message 1 boiler 3,4 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler1_R3_R4 | | |
| 7 | Error message 2 boiler 3,4 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler2_R3_R4 | | |
| 8 | Error message 3 boiler 3,4 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler3_R3_R4 | | |
| 9 | Error message 4 boiler 3,4 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler4_R3_R4 | | |
| | Heating zone 1 | | | | |
| 10 | Change operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviHK1TgNtAt | | |
| 11 | Change room set point night temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK1RaumSNt_Tp | | |
| 12 | Change room set point day temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK1RaumSTg_Tp | | |
| 13 | Display room set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK1Raum_S_Tp | | |
| 14 | Display operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nvoHK1Betrieb | | |
| 15 | Display heating zone supply actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK1VLlst_Tp | | |
| | DHW | | | | |
| 16 | Change operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviHK1TgNtAt | | |

Tab. 45 Service menu navigator

| No. | Meaning | SNVT type | SNVT name |
|-----|---|----------------------|------------------|
| 17 | Change DHW set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviWW_Set_Tp |
| 18 | Change recirculation pump operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviZP_TgNtAt |
| 19 | Display operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nvoWW_Betrieb |
| 20 | Display DHW set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoWW_S_Tp |
| 21 | Display DHW actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoWW_lst_Tp |
| 22 | Display recirculation pump operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nvoZP_Betrieb |
| | Strategy | | |
| 23 | Change system operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviAnl_TgNtAt |
| 24 | Change system supply set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviAnl_Soll_Tp |
| 25 | Display system supply set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAnl_Soll_Tp |
| 26 | Display system supply actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAnlVLlst_Tp |
| 27 | Display system return actual temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAnlRLlst_Tp |
| | Boiler 1 | | |
| 28 | Status burner 4000 boiler 1 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS1VLlst_4000 |
| 29 | Temperature 4000 boiler 1 (FK) actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoKS1FZlst_4000 |
| 30 | Additional temperature 4000 boiler 1 (FZ) actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoKS1Br4000S1_h |
| 31 | Boiler hours of operation 4000 boiler 1 level 1 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS1Br4000S2_h |
| 32 | Boiler hours of operation 4000 boiler 1 level 2 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS1PU_4000 |
| 33 | Pump 4000 boiler 1 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS1Br_EMS |
| 34 | Status burner EMS boiler 1 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS1VLlst_EMS |
| 35 | Temperature EMS boiler 1 (FK) actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoKS1Br_EMS_h |
| 36 | Burner hours of operation EMS boiler 1 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS1PU_EMS |
| 37 | Pump EMS boiler 1 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS1_Br_4000 |
| | Boiler 2 | | |
| 38 | Status burner boiler 2 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS2_BrStatus |
| 39 | Temperature boiler 2 (FK) actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoKS2VLlst_Tp |
| 40 | Boiler hours of operation 4000 boiler 2 level 1 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS2Br4000S1_h |
| 41 | Boiler hours of operation 4000 boiler 2 level 2 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS2Br4000S2_h |
| 42 | Pump 4000 boiler 2 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS2PU_4000 |
| 43 | Burner hours of operation EMS boiler 2 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS1Br_EMS_h |
| 44 | Pump EMS boiler 2 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS1PU_EMS |

Tab. 45 Service menu navigator

| No. | Meaning | SNVT type | SNVT name |
|-----|---|---------------------|------------------|
| | Boiler 3 | | · |
| 45 | Status burner boiler 3 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS3_BrStatus |
| 46 | Temperature boiler 3 (FK) actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoKS3VLlst_Tp |
| 47 | Boiler hours of operation 4000 boiler 3 level 1 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS3Br4000S1_h |
| 48 | Boiler hours of operation 4000 boiler 3 level 2 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS3Br4000S2_h |
| 49 | Pump 4000 boiler 3 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS3PU_4000 |
| 50 | Burner hours of operation EMS boiler 3 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS3Br_EMS_h |
| 51 | Pump EMS boiler 3 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS3PU_EMS |
| | Boiler 4 | | |
| 52 | Status burner boiler 4 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS4_BrStatus |
| 53 | Temperature boiler 4 (FK) actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoKS4VLlst_Tp |
| 54 | Boiler hours of operation 4000 boiler 4 level 1 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS4Br4000S1_h |
| 55 | Boiler hours of operation 4000 boiler 4 level 2 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS4Br4000S2_h |
| 56 | Pump 4000 boiler 4 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS4PU_4000 |
| 57 | Burner hours of operation EMS boiler 4 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS4BrEMS_h |
| 58 | Pump EMS boiler 4 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS4PU_EMS |
| | Status | | |
| 59 | Status ECOCAN-BUS | SNVT_state(83) | nvo_CAN_Adressen |
| 60 | Status LON version | SNVT_str_asc (36) | nvo_LONVersion |
| | - | | |

Tab. 45 Service menu navigator

3.4 Description of the SNVTs for variant 4 boilers

3.4.1 General

| 0 | Time | SNVT_time_ stamp(84) | nviUhrzeit | 7 |
|---|------|----------------------|------------|---|
|---|------|----------------------|------------|---|

Tab. 46 Value for comparison of the time in the Buderus control system with the LON network

Format: YYYY/MM/DD hh:mm:ss

| 1 | Outdoor temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAussen_Tp | 2 |
|---|---------------------|------------------|--------------|---|
|---|---------------------|------------------|--------------|---|

Tab. 47 Display of the current outdoor temperature

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.)

| 2 | Error message 1 boiler 1, 2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler1_R1_R2 | 2 |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------|------------------|---|
| 3 | Error message 2 boiler 1, 2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler2_R1_R2 | 2 |
| 4 | Error message 3 boiler 1, 2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler3_R1_R2 | 2 |
| 5 | Error message 4 boiler 1, 2 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler4_R1_R2 | 2 |

Tab. 48Outputs for error messages 1 (control panel with address 1) and boiler 2 (control panel
with address 2)

For the error list, see Chapter 7, page 43.

The current errors are displayed per control panel. Up to 4 errors that occurred at the same time can be displayed. If an error has been eliminated, it disappears from the error list. If more than four errors have occurred, an error not yet eliminated moves up and is displayed.

Error messages are displayed as 2-byte values (2 x 8 bits). The first byte (the first 8 bits seen from the left) displays errors from the control panel of boiler 2. The second byte (the remaining 8 bits) displays errors from the control panel of boiler 1.

Errors that occur are to be interpreted as follows:

| | First | t byte | e - erre | or co | ntrol (| panel | 2 | Second byte - error control panel 1 | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Display | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interpretation | 2 ⁰ | 21 | 2 ² | 2 ³ | 2 ⁴ | 2 ⁵ | 2 ⁶ | 27 | 2 ⁰ | 2 ¹ | 2 ² | 2 ³ | 24 | 2 ⁵ | 2 ⁶ | 2 ⁷ |

Tab. 49

Errors are displayed as binary values and must be converted to decimal values. By comparing with the error list (see Chapter 7, page 43), the associated texts are assigned to the error numbers.

Example: nvoFehler changes

On the display, you see:

| | nvoFehler1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|--|------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|--|------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

Tab. 50

Boiler 2 has no error. Boiler 1 has a fault with the following error number:

| nvoFehler1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Interpretation | 2 ⁰ | 2 ¹ | 2 ² | 2 ³ | 24 | 2 ⁵ | 2 ⁶ | 2 ⁷ | 2 ⁰ | 2 ¹ | 2 ² | 2 ³ | 24 | 2 ⁵ | 2 ⁶ | 2 ⁷ |
| Meaning | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | 16 | 32 | | |

Tab. 51

Boiler 1 has the error no. 49 (49 = 1 + 16 + 32), the boiler sensor has a fault

| 6 | Error message 1 boiler 3, 4 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler1_R3_R4 | 2 |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------|------------------|---|
| 7 | Error message 2 boiler 3, 4 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler2_R3_R4 | 2 |
| 8 | Error message 3 boiler 3, 4 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler3_R3_R4 | 2 |
| 9 | Error message 4 boiler 3, 4 | SNVT_state(83) | nvoFehler4_R3_R4 | 2 |

Tab. 52 Outputs for error messages of boiler 3 (control panel with address 3) and boiler 4 (control panel with address 4)

For the error list, see Chapter 7, page 43.

Error messages are displayed as 2-byte values (2 x 8 bits). The first byte (the first 8 bits seen from the left) displays errors from the control panel of boiler 4. The second byte (the remaining 8 bits) displays errors from the control panel of boiler 3. Errors that occur are to be interpreted as follows:

| | Firs | t byte | e - erre | or coi | ntrol | panel | 2 | | Sec | ond b | yte - | error | cont | rol pa | nel 1 | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Display | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interpretation | 2 ⁰ | 2 ¹ | 2 ² | 2 ³ | 24 | 2 ⁵ | 2 ⁶ | 27 | 2 ⁰ | 2 ¹ | 2 ² | 2 ³ | 2 ⁴ | 2 ⁵ | 2 ⁶ | 2 ⁷ |

Tab. 53

Interpretation as described for error messages boiler 1, 2.

27

3 Network interface

3.4.2 Heating zones

This section describes only heating zone 1.

| 10 Operating mode (Day/Night/ Auto) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviHK1TgNtAt | 1 |
|--|-------------------------|--------------|---|
|--|-------------------------|--------------|---|

Tab. 54 Value for changing the operating mode of a heating zone

Format:

| Value | Designation | Description |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0 | HVAC_AUTO | The heating zone is controlled according to the set heating program (automatic mode). |
| 1 | HVAC_heat | The heating zone is controlled in day mode (manual day mode). |
| 6 | HVAC_off | The heating zone is controlled in setback mode (manual night mode – see note about setback). |

Tab. 55

Changing the operating mode

With the HVAC_heat / HVAC_off setting, the operating mode for the consumer is changed externally via the LON data bus.

Type of setback:

The type of setback set in the control panel has a direct influence on the behavior of the consumer in setback mode or night mode. The following functions are available for selection:

- Switch off: the heating mode with activation of the pump is turned off entirely with this operating mode, however the frost protection is active.
- Reduced: the controls are set to a lower room temperature set point (night temperature) and they
 constantly activate the heating pump. The controls work with a parallel heating curve moved
 downwards depending on the outdoor temperature.
- Outside stop: this operating mode combines the setback mode and the reduced heating mode.

| 11 | Room set point night | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK1RaumSNt_Tp | 2 |
|----|----------------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 56 Value for changing the set point temperature for the setback heating mode (night mode)

Setting: 36 °F to 84 °F (2 °C to 29 °C) in 1-degree intervals

Notes:

- The room set point night temperature specifies the temperature level in the setback mode or night mode for the consumer. With this setting, the heating curve moves in parallel. If you change the room set point temperature by 2 °F (1 °C), then the supply temperature changes by approx.
 6 °F (3 °C).
- The room set point night temperature is not active with the setback type "off."
- The room set point night temperature is not taken into account with the setting heating system "constant." The temperature set in the control panel for the heating zone and the temperature setback are active.

| 12 | Room set point day | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK1RaumSTg_Tp | 2 |
|----|--------------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 57 Value for changing the set point temperature for the setback heating mode (day mode)

Setting: 52 °F to 86 °F (11 °C to 30 °C) in 1-degree intervals

Notes:

- The room set point day temperature specifies the temperature level in day mode for the consumer. With this setting, the heating curve moves in parallel. If you change the room set point temperature by 2 °F (1 °C), then the supply temperature changes by approx. 6 °F (3 °C).
- The room set point day temperature is not active with the setback type "off."
- The room set point night temperature is not taken into account with the setting heating system "constant." The temperature set in the control panel for the heating zone and the temperature setback are active.

| 13 | Room set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviHK1Raum_S_Tp | 2 |
|----|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|
| | | | | |

Tab. 58 Display of the currently-valid room set point temperature for the consumer

| 14 | HZ operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nvoHK1Betrieb | 1 |
|----|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---|
| | | | | |

Tab. 59 Display of the currently-valid operating mode for the consumer

| 15 | Heating zone supply actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoHK1VLlst_Tp | 2 |
|----|----------------------------|------------------|----------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 60 Display of the currently-measured supply temperature for the consumer

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

29

3.4.3 DHW heating

Tab. 61 Value for changing the operating mode of DHW heating

Format:

| Value | Designation | Description |
|-------|-------------|---|
| 0 | HVAC_AUTO | The DHW control follows the set DHW program (automatic mode). |
| 1 | HVAC_heat | The DHW control operates in constant operation (manual day mode). |
| 6 | HVAC_off | The DHW controls are turned off (manual night mode). |

Changing the operating mode

With the HVAC_heat / HVAC_off setting, the operating mode for the consumer is changed externally via the LON data bus.

| 17 DHW set point temperature SNVT_temp_p(105) nviWW_Set_Tp 2 |
|--|
|--|

Tab. 62 Value for changing the DHW set point temperature (DHW heating)

Set range: 86 °F to 140 °F (30 °C to 60 °C) (with approval up to 176 °F (80 °C)); in 1-degree intervals



WARNING: Risk of scalding at the hot water taps.

There is a risk of scalding at the hot water taps if DHW temperatures can be set above 60 °C and during thermal disinfection.

 Select settings > 140 °F (60 °C) only if a thermostatic mixing valve is installed as protection against scalding.

Notes:

- The set point temperature for DHW heating specifies the temperature level for the consumer in automatic mode or day mode.
- If for DHW heating temperatures > 140 °F (60 °C) are desired, the range up to 176 °F (80 °C) can be released on the service level in the DHW menu.

| 18 | Recirculation pump operating | SNVT_hvac_mode | nviZP_TgNtAt | 1 |
|----|------------------------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| | mode (D/N/A) | (108) | | |

Tab. 63Value for changing the operating mode

Format:

| Value | Designation | Description |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0 | HVAC_AUTO | The activation of the recirculation pump works according to the recirculation pump program set (automatic mode). |
| 1 | HVAC_heat | The recirculation pump is activated constantly (manual day mode). |
| 6 | HVAC_off | The recirculation pump is turned off (manual night mode). |

Changing the operating mode

With the HVAC_heat / HVAC_off setting, the operating mode for the consumer is changed externally via the LON data bus.

| 19 | Operating mode (D/N/A) | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nvoWW_Betrieb | 1 |
|----|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---|
| | | | | |

 Tab. 64
 Display of the currently-valid operating mode for DHW heating

| 20 | DHW set point temperature | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoWW_S_Tp | 2 |
|----|---------------------------|------------------|------------|---|
|----|---------------------------|------------------|------------|---|

Tab. 65 Display of the currently-valid set point temperature for DHW heating

|--|

Tab. 66 Display of the actual temperature measured in the DHW tank

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

| 22 | Recirculation pump | SNVT_hvac_mode | nvoZP_Betrieb | 1 |
|----|------------------------|----------------|---------------|---|
| | operating mode (D/N/A) | (108) | | |

Tab. 67 Display of the currently-selected operating mode for the recirculation pump

3 Network interface

3.4.4 Strategy

In the "Strategy" section, the values for the entire heating system are summarized. This is especially important for multi-boiler systems (cascades).

| 23 | Operating mode (D/N/A) system | SNVT_hvac_mode (108) | nviAnl_TgNtAt | 2 |
|----|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|---|
|----|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|---|

Tab. 68 Value for changing the operating mode of the entire system (all heating zones)

Format:

| Value | Designation | Description |
|-------|-------------|---|
| 0 | HVAC_AUTO | The system works according to the internal setting on the control panel (automatic mode). |
| 1 | HVAC_heat | The system is turned on (all on) and works in manual day mode. |
| 6 | HVAC_off | The system is turned off (all off). |

Changing the operating mode

With the HVAC_heat / HVAC_off setting, the operating mode for the consumer is changed externally via the LON data bus.

| 24 | System supply set point | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nviAnlVorgabe_Tp | 2 |
|----|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 69 Value for changing the system set point temperature (boiler supply temperature)

Set range: 32 °F to 194 °F (0 °C to 90 °C); in 1-degree intervals

| 25 | System supply set point | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAnlVLlst_Tp | 2 |
|----|-------------------------|------------------|----------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 70 Display of the currently-valid set point temperature for the boiler system

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

| 26 | System supply actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAnIRLIst_Tp | 2 |
|----|----------------------|------------------|----------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 71 Display of the currently-measured supply temperature for the boiler system

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

| 27 | System return actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoAnIRLIst_Tp | 2 |
|----|----------------------|------------------|----------------|---|
| | temperature | | | |

Tab. 72 Display of the currently-measured return temperature for the boiler system

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

3.4.5 Boiler 1

This section describes "boiler 1."

| 28 | Status burner 4000 boiler 1 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS1_Br_4000 | 2 |
|----|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---|
|----|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---|

Tab. 73 Indicator for boiler 1 with Logamatic 4000 and third party burner

Burner OFF [0 %]

ON [> 0 %]

Current output [%]

| 29 | Temperature 4000 boiler 1 (FK) | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoKS1VLlst_4000 | 2 |
|----|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| | actual | | | |

Tab. 74Display of the current boiler temperature for boiler 1 with Logamatic 4000 and thirdparty burner

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

| 30 | Additional temperature 4000 | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoKS1FZlst_4000 | 2 |
|----|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| | boiler 1 (FZ) actual | | | |

Tab. 75Display of the measured temperature on the additional temperature sensor FZ in the
supply of boiler 1 with Logamatic 4000 and third party burner

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

| 31 | Boiler hours of operation 4000 boiler 1 level 1 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS1Br4000S1_h | 2 |
|----|---|---------------------|------------------|---|
| | | | | |

Tab. 76Display of the hours of operation for the level 1 (basic load) of boiler 1 with
Logamatic 4000 and third party burner

| 32 | Boiler hours of operation 4000 boiler 1 level 2 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS1Br4000S2_h | 2 |
|----|---|---------------------|------------------|---|
|----|---|---------------------|------------------|---|

Tab. 77Display of the hours of operation for the level 2 (basic load) of boiler 1 with
Logamatic 4000 and third party burner

| 33 | Pump 4000 boiler 1 | SNVT lev cont (21) | nvoKS1PU 4000 | 2 |
|----|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|---|
| 00 | | | | ~ |

 Tab. 78
 Indicator for boiler 1 with Logamatic 4000 and third party burner

Pump OFF [0 %]

ON [> 0 %]

Current output [%]

|--|

Tab. 79 Indicator for boiler 1 with Logamatic EMS

Burner OFF [0 %]

ON [> 0 %]

Current output [%]

| 35 | Temperature EMS boiler 1 (FK) | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoKS1VLlst_EMS | 2 |
|----|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|
| | actual | | | |

Tab. 80 Display of the current boiler temperature for boiler 1 with Logamatic EMS

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

| 36 | Burner hours of operation EMS boiler 1 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS1Br_EMS_h | 2 |
|-------|--|-----------------------------|------------------|---|
| Tab 9 | Diaplay of the hours of aparation f | or the lovel 1 (basis load) | of boilor 1 with | |

Tab. 81Display of the hours of operation for the level 1 (basic load) of boiler 1 with
Logamatic EMS

| 37 | Pump EMS boiler 1 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS1PU_EMS | 1 |
|----|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|---|
|----|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|---|

Tab. 82 Operating message for the boiler circulation pump of the boiler 1 with Logamatic EMS

Pump OFF [0 %]

ON [> 0 %]

Current output [%]

3.4.6 Boiler 2

This section describes "boiler 2." For boilers 3 and 4, the details apply accordingly.

| 38 | Status burner boiler 2 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS2_BrStatus | 1 |
|----|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|
|----|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|

Tab. 83 Indicator for boiler with Logamatic EMS or 4000

Burner OFF [0 %]

ON [> 0 %]

Current output [%]

| 39 | Temperature boiler 2 (FK) actual | SNVT_temp_p(105) | nvoKS2VLlst_Tp | 2 |
|----|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------|---|
|----|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------|---|

Tab. 84 Display of the current boiler temperature for boiler with Logamatic EMS or 4000

Note:

230 °F (110 °C) is an invalid value (e.g. no temperature sensor connected, sensor defective, etc.).

| 40 | Boiler hours of operation 4000 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS2Br4000S1_h | 2 |
|----|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|
| | boiler 2 level 1 | | | |

Tab. 85Display of the hours of operation for the level 1 (basic load) of boiler with
Logamatic 4000 and third party burner

| 41 | Boiler hours of operation 4000 boiler 2 level 2 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS2Br4000S2_h | 2 |
|----|--|---------------------|------------------|---|
|----|--|---------------------|------------------|---|

Tab. 86Display of the hours of operation for the modulation/level 2 (large load) of boiler with
Logamatic 4000 and third party burner

| | 42 | Pump 4000 boiler 2 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS2PU_4000 | 1 |
|--|----|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|---|
|--|----|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|---|

 Tab. 87
 Operating message for the boiler circulation pump of the boiler with Logamatic 4000 and third party burner

Pump OFF [0 %]

ON [> 0 %]

Current output [%]

| 43 Burner hours of operation EMS boiler 2 | SNVT_time_hour(124) | nvoKS1Br_EMS_h | 2 |
|---|---------------------|----------------|---|
|---|---------------------|----------------|---|

Tab. 88Display of the hours of operation for boiler with Logamatic EMS

| 44 | Pump EMS boiler 2 | SNVT_lev_cont (21) | nvoKS1PU_EMS | 1 |
|----|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|---|
|----|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|---|

Tab. 89 Operating message for the boiler circulation pump of the boiler with Logamatic EMS

Pump OFF [0 %]

ON [> 0 %]

Current output [%]

3.4.7 Status

Tab. 90 With these variables, a status report of the ECOCAN-BUS is transmitted to LON

Using the feedback from the Logamatic control panels, you can get information about whether control panels were turned off, etc.

| Logamatic controls | | | | First | t byte | • | | | | | S | ecor | nd by | te | | |
|----------------------|---|---|---|-------|--------|---|---|---|---|---|----|------|-------|----|----|----|
| Address (ECOCAN-BUS) | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| Status | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Status "1" means Logamatic controls are present on the ECOCAN-BUS.

Status "0" means Logamatic controls are not present on the ECOCAN-BUS.

Example:

| Logamatic controls | First byte | | | | | | S | ecor | nd by | te | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Address (ECOCAN-BUS) | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| Status | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

In this example, Logamatic controls are connected to the ECOCAN-BUS addresses 1, 2, and 3.

| 60 | Status LON version | SNVT_str_asc (36) | nvo_LONVersion | 31 |
|----|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|----|
| | | | | |

Tab. 91Information display via the LON-Gateway

With this variable, information about the LON-Gateway is output.



"CAN V. XX.YY" indicates the firmware version of the LON-Gateway. "LON V.XX.YY" indicates the software version of the LON-Gateway (XIF file).

4 **Operating basics**



Fig. 2 Attaching the user interface

| Position | Operating element/function |
|----------|--|
| 1 | Button for turning the gateway ON/OFF. |
| 2 | Status LED lights up if the gateway is turned on. |
| 3 | "ECO-BUS" LED flashes during data transmission via ECO-BUS. |
| 4 | "EMS" LED |
| 5 | "LON" LED flashes for the successful commissioning of the LON-Gateway. |
| 6 | "LON" service button |
| T-1-00 | |

Tab. 92 Key to Fig. 2



If the EMS LED lights up, there is a communication problem on the ECOCAN-BUS.

Check the cable.

5 Incorporation of Logamatic 4000 in LON networks via Logamatic LON-Gateway

5.1 Structure of the hardware

A main component of the products that communicate via LON data bus such as the Logamatic LON-Gateway is the neuron chip. Each neuron chip has a unique ID, the neuron ID making each device unique. For commissioning, operation, service or replacement, each device is identified via the unique neuron ID. This ensures that no errors take place in communication.

5.2 Creating LON networks

For the creation of networks in which products from various manufacturers communicate via LON data bus, special PC software, a so-called binding tool, is required. For each project, a new database is created and stored separately.

Devices with LON data bus interface are incorporated into this PC software as LON nodes. For this software incorporation, product-specific application files are required. These application files are provided by the manufacturer and contain the product-specific data points, the so-called SNVTs (for details, see Chapter 3). Input network variables (nvi) and output network variables (nvo) of the various products are connected to one another in the PC software. This way, the required functions are created in the PC software.

5 Incorporation of Logamatic 4000 in LON networks via Logamatic LON-Gateway

5.2.1 Commissioning LON networks

The PC software saves the database structure in the respective project. In order to be able to use the functions created in the PC software, the assignment of the functions in the PC software to the device is required. This assignment takes place during "commissioning" via the neuron ID of the device.

During commissioning, a dialog requires the PC software to press the "LON" service button on the LON-Gateway. The LON-Gateway sends a neuron ID to the LON data bus. This neuron ID is registered in the database. From the database of the PC software, the application file is downloaded into the device. This way, the PC software is linked with the hardware (LON-Gateway) on site. This link between software and hardware is called "commissioning."

5.2.2 Decommissioning LON networks

During "decommissioning," a device in the form of a LON node is removed from the network, the neuron ID is deleted from the database of the PC software, and the credit for the neuron ID is released again in the PC software.



For each LON node that is incorporated into this software, license fees in the form of credits are from Echelon. Since the neuron ID is unique, before removing the device, the decommissioning via the PC software is recommended.

6 The LON-Gateway as LonMark object

6.1 Variant 2 boiler



Fig. 3 Buderus function block (variant 2 boiler)

6.2 Variant 4 boiler

6

| (| | |
|------------------|----------------------|--|
| >nviAnl_Sol_Tp | nvo_CAN_Adressen | |
| nviAnl_TgNtAt | nvoAnl_Soll_Tp | |
| nviHK1_TgNtAt | nvoAnIRLIst_Tp | |
| nviHK1RaumSNt_Tp | nvoAnIVLIst_Tp | |
| nviHK1RaumSTg_Tp | nvoAussen_Tp | |
| >nviUhrzeit | nvoFehler1_R1_R2 | |
| nviWW_Soll_Tp | nvoFehler1_R3_R4 | |
| nviWW_TgNtAt | nvoFehler2_R1_R2 | |
| nviZP_TgNtAt | nvoFehler2_R3_R4 | |
| | nvoFehler3_R1_R2 | |
| | nvoFehler3_R3_R4 | |
| | nvoFehler4_R1_R2 | |
| | nvoFehler4_R3_R4 | |
| | nvoHK1_TgNtAI | |
| | nvoHK1RaumS_Tp | |
| | nvoHK1VLIst_Tp | |
| | nvoKS1_Br | |
| | nvoKS1Br_EMS | |
| | nvoKS1Br_EMS_h | |
| | nvoKS1Br4000S1_h | |
| | nvoKS1Br4000S2_h | |
| | nvoKS1FZIst | |
| | nvoKS1PU_4000 | |
| | nvoKS1PU_EMS | |
| | nvoKS1VLIst_4000 | |
| | INVOKSTVLIST EMS | |
| | nvokoz Brotatus | |
| | INVOKSZBI EMS N | |
| | nvoKS2Br400051_n | |
| | mok3281400032_1 | |
| | muoKS2PU_4000 | |
| | nuoKS2/0_EMS | |
| | nuokS2 RcStatue | |
| | munkess EMC h | |
| | nvoKS38r4000S1 h | |
| | nuoKS3Br4000S7_h | |
| | mok\$3201.4000 | |
| | nvoKS3PU EMS | |
| | nvoKS3VLIst Tr | |
| | nvoKS4 BrStatus | |
| | nvoKS4Br EMS h | |
| | nvoKS4Br4000S1 h | |
| | nvoKS4Br4000S2_h | |
| | nvoKS4PU_4000 | |
| | nvoKS4PU_EMS | |
| | nvoKS4VLIst_Tp | |
| | nvoLON_Version | |
| | nvoWW_lst_Tp | |
| | nvoWW_Soll_Tp | |
| | nvoWW_TgNtAt | |
| | nvoZP_TgNtAt | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | 6 720 642 841-06.1RS | |
| | | |

Fig. 4 Buderus function block (variant 4 boiler)

7 Error list

| Little message |
|-------------------------------------|
| Supply sensor strategy (FVS) fault |
| Outdoor temperature sensor |
| Heating zone 1 supply sensor fault |
| Heating zone 2 supply sensor fault |
| Heating zone 3 supply sensor fault |
| Heating zone 4 supply sensor fault |
| Supply sensor pre-control defective |
| DHW sensor fault |
| DHW remains cold |
| Thermal disinfection fault |
| Heating zone 1 remote control fault |
| Heating zone 2 remote control fault |
| Heating zone 3 remote control fault |
| Heating zone 4 remote control fault |
| Heating zone 1 communication fault |
| Heating zone 2 communication fault |
| Heating zone 3 communication fault |
| Heating zone 4 communication fault |
| Magnesium anode used up |
| Fault burner 1 EMS+UBA1 |
| Fault burner 2 EMS+UBA1 |
| Fault burner 3 EMS+UBA1 |
| Fault burner 4 EMS+UBA1 |
| Boiler 1 no connection fault |
| Boiler 2 no connection fault |
| Boiler 3 no connection fault |
| Boiler 4 no connection fault |
| |

| Consec. no. | Error message |
|----------------|--|
| 28 | Function module has no connection fault |
| 29 | Function module manual OFF fault |
| 30 | Internal error no. $1 = internal error no. 30$ |
| 31 | Internal error no. $2 = internal error no. 31$ |
| 32 | Internal error no. $3 =$ internal error no. 32 |
| 33 | Internal error no. $4 =$ internal error no. 33 |
| 34 | Heating zone 0/5 supply sensor fault |
| 35 | Heating zone 6 supply sensor fault |
| 36 | Heating zone 7 supply sensor fault |
| 37 | Heating zone 8 supply sensor fault |
| 38 | Heating zone 0 supply sensor fault |
| 39 | Heating zone 0/5 remote control fault |
| 40 | Heating zone 6 remote control fault |
| 41 | Heating zone 7 remote control fault |
| 42 | Heating zone 8 remote control fault |
| 43 | Heating zone 0 remote control fault |
| 44 | Heating zone 0/5 communication fault |
| 45 | Heating zone 6 communication fault |
| 46 | Heating zone 7 communication fault |
| 47 | Heating zone 8 communication fault |
| 48 | Heating zone 0 communication fault |
| 49 | Boiler supply sensor fault |
| 50 | Boiler additional sensor fault |
| 51 | Boiler remains cold |
| 52 | Burner fault |
| 53 | Safety sequence fault |
| 54 | External fault boiler |

Tab. 93 Error list

| Consec. no. | Error message |
|----------------|--|
| 55 | Flue gas sensor defective |
| 56 | Flue gas limit exceeded |
| 57 | External fault HK1 |
| 58 | External fault HK2 |
| 59 | External fault HK3 |
| 60 | External fault HK4 |
| 61 | External fault HK0/5 |
| 62 | External fault HK6 |
| 63 | External fault HK7 |
| 64 | External fault HK8 |
| 65 | External fault HK0 |
| 66 | Internal error no. 66 = internal error no. 5 |
| 67 | Internal error no. $67 = internal error no. 6$ |
| 68 | Internal error no. $68 = internal error no. 7$ |
| 69 | Bus system Ecobus has no reception fault = internal error no. 8 |
| 70 | Bus system no master (fault) |
| 71 | Bus system address conflict fault |
| 72 | Address conflict 1 fault |
| 73 | Address conflict 2 fault |
| 74 | Address conflict 3 fault |
| 75 | Address conflict 4 fault |
| 76 | Address conflict slot A fault |
| 77 | Address wrong module 1 fault |
| 78 | Address wrong module 2 fault |
| 79 | Address wrong module 3 fault |
| 80 | Address wrong module 4 fault |

| Consec. no. | Error message | | |
|----------------|---|--|--|
| 81 | Address wrong module A fault | | |
| 82 | Address unknown module slot 1 fault | | |
| 83 | Address unknown module slot 2fault | | |
| 84 | Address unknown module slot 3 fault | | |
| 85 | Address unknown module slot 4 fault | | |
| 86 | Address unknown module slot A fault | | |
| 87 | System return sensor fault (Bottle) | | |
| 88 | DHW inert anode fault | | |
| 89 | DHW external fault input fault | | |
| 90 | Strategy configuration return control fault | | |
| 91 | Strategy configuration supply sensor fault | | |
| 92 | Reset | | |
| 93 | Manual switch heating zone 1 | | |
| 94 | Manual switch heating zone 2 | | |
| 95 | Manual switch heating zone 3 | | |
| 96 | Manual switch heating zone 4 | | |
| 97 | Manual switch heating zone 5 (0/5) | | |
| 98 | Manual switch heating zone 6 | | |
| 99 | Manual switch heating zone 7 | | |
| 100 | Manual switch heating zone 8 | | |
| 101 | DHW manual switch | | |
| 102 | Manual burner switch | | |
| 103 | Manual switch for boiler loop | | |
| 104 | Strategy module missing | | |
| 105 | LAP primary pump manual switch | | |
| 106 | LAP secondary pump manual switch | | |
| 107 | LAP heat exchanger sensor defective | | |
| 108 | LAP tank bottom sensor defective | | |
| | | | |

Tab. 93 Error list

| Consec. no. | Error message |
|----------------|---|
| 109 | DHW solar sensor defective |
| 110 | Collector sensor defective |
| 111 | Fault burner 5 EMS+UBA1 |
| 112 | Fault burner 6 EMS+UBA1 |
| 113 | Fault burner 7 EMS+UBA1 |
| 114 | Fault burner 8 EMS+UBA1 |
| 115 | No connection to burner control 1 |
| 116 | No connection to burner control 2 |
| 117 | No connection to burner control 3 |
| 118 | No connection to burner control 4 |
| 119 | No connection to burner control 5 |
| 120 | No connection to burner control 6 |
| 121 | No connection to burner control 7 |
| 122 | No connection to burner control 8 |
| 123 | Low-loss header supply sensor fault |
| 124 | Boiler 1 3-way valve fault |
| 125 | Fill level limit value underrun fault |
| 126 | Substation heat undersupply |
| 127 | Substation supply sensor fault |
| 128 | Solar collector sensor fault |
| 129 | Solar bypass return fault |
| 130 | Solar bypass buffer fault |
| 131 | Solar heat quantity supply sensor fault |
| 132 | Solar heat quantity return sensor fault |
| 133 | Solar tank 1 bottom sensor fault |
| 134 | Solar tank 2 bottom sensor fault |
| 135 | Solar flow rate measurement fault |
| 136 | Solar hysterisis setting fault |

| Consec. no. | Error message |
|----------------|--|
| 137 | Heating zone 1 EIB setting fault |
| 138 | Heating zone 2 EIB setting fault |
| 139 | Heating zone 3 EIB setting fault |
| 140 | Heating zone 4 EIB setting fault |
| 141 | Heating zone 5 EIB setting fault |
| 142 | Heating zone 6 EIB setting fault |
| 143 | Heating zone 7 EIB setting fault |
| 144 | Heating zone 8 EIB setting fault |
| 145 | Heating zone 0 EIB setting fault |
| 146 | Heating zone EIB setting fault |
| 147 | Blocking error UBA |
| 148 | Locking error UBA |
| 149 | Solar tank 1 in manual mode |
| 150 | Solar tank 2 in manual mode |
| 151 | Heating zone 0 in manual mode fault |
| 152 | Maintenance required after operating hours |
| 153 | Maintenance required after date |
| 154 | DHW is cold |
| 155 | Feed pump in manual mode fault |
| 156 | EMS boiler 1 manual mode |
| 157 | EMS boiler 2 manual mode |
| 158 | EMS boiler 3 manual mode |
| 159 | EMS boiler 4 manual mode |
| 160 | EMS boiler 5 manual mode |
| 161 | EMS boiler 6 manual mode |
| 162 | EMS boiler 7 manual mode |
| 163 | EMS boiler 8 manual mode |
| 164 | EMS boiler 1 fault |

Tab. 93 Error list

| Consec. | Error message | | |
|---------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| no. | | | |
| 165 | EMS boiler 2 fault | | |
| 166 | EMS boiler 3 fault | | |
| 167 | EMS boiler 4 fault | | |
| 168 | EMS boiler 5 fault | | |
| 169 | EMS boiler 6 fault | | |
| 170 | EMS boiler 7 fault | | |
| 171 | EMS boiler 8 fault | | |
| 172 | EMS DHW fault | | |
| 173 | Maintenance required EMS boiler 1 | | |
| 174 | Maintenance required EMS boiler 2 | | |
| 175 | Maintenance required EMS boiler 3 | | |
| 176 | Maintenance required EMS boiler 4 | | |
| 177 | Maintenance required EMS boiler 5 | | |
| 178 | Maintenance required EMS boiler 6 | | |
| 179 | Maintenance required EMS boiler 7 | | |
| 180 | Maintenance required EMS boiler 8 | | |
| 181 | FM444 PWE manual switch | | |
| 182 | FM444 WE-ON manual switch | | |
| 183 | Sensor heat source return | | |
| 184 | Heat source flow sensor | | |
| 185 | Sensor buffer tank center | | |
| 186 | Sensor buffer tank bottom | | |
| 187 | Sensor buffer tank top | | |
| 188 | Sensor system return | | |
| 189 | Sensor buffer tank center | | |
| 190 | Sensor buffer tank bottom | | |
| 191 | Locking FA heat source | | |
| 192 | Emergency cooling heat source | | |
| 193 | FM458: assignment boiler 1 | | |

| Consec. no. | Error message |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 194 | FM458: assignment boiler 2 |
| 195 | FM458: assignment boiler 3 |
| 196 | FM458: assignment boiler 4 |
| 197 | FM458: assignment boiler 5 |
| 198 | FM458: assignment boiler 6 |
| 199 | FM458: assignment boiler 7 |
| 200 | FM458: assignment boiler 8 |
| 201 | FM458: boiler 1 no connection |
| 202 | FM458: boiler 2 no connection |
| 203 | FM458: boiler 3 no connection |
| 204 | FM458: boiler 4 no connection |
| 205 | FM458: boiler 5 no connection |
| 206 | FM458: boiler 6 no connection |
| 207 | FM458: boiler 7 no connection |
| 208 | FM458: boiler 8 no connection |
| 209 | FM458: supply sensor strategy |
| 210 | FM458: return sensor strategy |
| 211 | FM458: configuration of return |
| 212 | FM458: configuration supply |
| 213 | FM458: output for boiler is missing |

Tab. 93 Error list

Explanation for Tab. 93

| EIB (today also KNX ¹⁾) | = | European Installation Bus |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| EMS | = | Energy Management System |
| Remote control | = | User interface that controls a heating zone, e.g. BFU, BFU/ F |
| НК | = | Heating zone |
| Strategy module or sensor | = | for multi-boiler systems required control module or temperature sensor |
| UBA | = | Universal burner control unit |

1) KNX = Konnex (arose from a combination of EIB with additional bus systems)



For information about troubleshooting, please see the included documentation for the boiler or the control panel.

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